



ITHEMU 1				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI
Ukuhlola okusisisekelo okulinganisiweko nebandulo (ekuzokwenziwa esikolweni) emalangeneni wokuthoma amathathu weThemu 1 evekeni yoku-1 ilanga loku -1 ukuya kwele-3 Imininingwana (idatha/ilwazi) iyarekhodwa ukuze kutholakale amakghonobogodu kufunyanwe neendlela zelwazilabafundi Ilwazi leli lizokusetjenziselwa ukuhlela imisebenzi yokufunda nokufundisa elandelako				
1-2	<p>Ufunda bewuphendule itheksti yelwazi</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukwenza ibonelo phambili Ubona abe ahlathulule unobangela nomphumela Uphawula ngezokuhlalisana, ukuziphatha nangamagugu wamasiko Ubuza imibuzo yelihlo lokuhlaba Uveza abe aqinisekise imibono yakhe nangokuyisekela ngeenzathu Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokuhlanganyela/wokusebenzisa ana ekukhulumisaneni ngepumelelo esiqhemeni 	<p>Ufunda itheksti yelwazi (Okubukelwako):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulungiselela ukufunda: wenza ibonelo phambili elisuselwe esihlokwani/neenthombeni Ucocisana ngombono oqakathekile nangemininingwana enqophileko Uphawula ngokukhethwa kweenthombe zetheksti yemitjho Usebenzisa ihlelo leLimi, ukupeleda, neemphumuzi ngefanelo <p>Ukufundela ihlathululo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda, isib. Ukusebenzisa imithala yetheksti nesebujameni obuthileko Wabelana ngemibono nokunikelana ngemibono kusetjenziswa ukufunisela Usebenzisa imebhengqondo/amanothi/ukurhunyeka ilwazi Usebenzisa isihlathululimezwi ukuthuthukisa ilwazimagama <p>Ufunda amatheksti eenkundleni zokuthintana, isib. SMS/Email:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uhlathulula umlayezo oqakathekileko Ubona isakhiwo setheskthi Ucoca ngomnqopho wetheksti Usebenzisa isihlathululi-magama afumane incazelo yamagama amatjha <p>Uzindla ngamatheksti afundwe ngokuzijamela:</p>	<p>Ukutlola itheksti yelwazi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Utlola iingaba (amapharagrafu) ezi-3 ukuya kwezi-4 Usebenzisa okumunyethweko okukhambelanako/okufanele abemukelilwazi nehloso yetheksti Uveza ilwazi ngokucacileko Uhlela alamanise okumunyethweko Utlola umutjho osihloko kufaka hlangana ilwazi elikhambelanako akhe isigaba esibumbeneko Uhlanganisa imitjho akhe isigaba /ipharagrafu ebumbeneko asebenzisa izabizwana, iinhlanganiso neemphumuzi ezifaneleko Usebenzisa imihlobholo <p>Ukutlola i-SMS /i-Email:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukhetha okumunyethweko okufaneleko Uhlela ilwazi ngefanelo Usebenzisa isakhiwo esifaneleko, isib. Ukulotjhisa, idadamu, njll. <p>Usebenzisa indlela yekambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uphosela imibono ngokusebenzisa imimebhengqondo Ukhipha umtamo wokuthoma Uyabuyekeza Ubuyelela afundele ukulungisa iimphoso Utlola umtamo wokugcina 	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama: Ibizo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho: Isikhathi sanje, isikhathi esizako</p> <p>Ihlathululo yamagama: Isenza samuntu, izaga, izitjho, isifaniso</p>

ITHEMU 1				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETHJHANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ubuye acoce indatjana nanyana achaze umbono oqakathekileko • Uveza amazizo ngetheksti efundiweko • Uthomanisa nepilwakhe <p>lindlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu • Lisa koke bese uyafunda • Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko • Ukufunda ngababili • Ukufunda inolwana okutjhaphulekileko <p>Akuhlela kokufunda – ukulungisela ukufundela phezulu Ukufundela ukuzithabisa: Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba -30</p>	<p>– Wethula itlhatlhabejo lokugcina elihlanzekileko nelifundekako</p> <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlathululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama. Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi ekupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama</p> <p>Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukulawula ikambiso yokufunda</p>	
3-4	<p>Ulalela abe aphenyule esiqetjhaneni esisuselwa kunovelana/inovela</p> <p>Imesebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ibonelo phambili. • Ulalela isiqetjhana esithethwe enovelini • Ulalelela ukuthola umlayezo oqakathekileko. kanye nendlela ethize yokulandelana • Uveza imizwa ngokuphathelene nezehlakalo • Uthomanisa nepilweni yakhe <p>Ukuhlathulula izehlakalo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukucocisana ngemibono eqakathekileko nangemininingwana enqophileko • Ukuhlathulula izehlakalo ngokucacileko. • Ukucocisana ngezokuhlalisana, zokuziphatha, nangamagugu wezamasiko atholakala ethekstini • Usebenzisa ilwazi eliphuma ethekstini ekuphenduleni imibuzo 	<p>Ufunda isiqetjhana esisuselwa kunovelana/inovela</p> <p>Ukufundela uhlathululo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga ahlukeneko wokufunda – Ukuskima umbono omummongo – Ukuskena imininingwana esekelako – Ukwenza ibonelo phambili – Cabanga ihlathululo yamagama angakajayekeki kanye neenthombe <p>Ukufunda imitlolo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukucocisana ngabalingisi • Ukubona nokuhlathulula izehlakalo eziqakathekileko • Ukubona nokucocisana ngokuvezwa kwamaziso • Ukuhlobanisa izehlakalo 	<p>Ukutlola ukubuyekeza/ Isirhunyezo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusebenzisa ifreyimu. • Ukulungiselela ukutlola: ukulalela isiqetjhana esuselwe enovelini efundiweko • Ukukhetha okumunywethweko okufanele ihloso • Ukusebenzisa iLimi nesakhiwo setheksti ngendlela efaneleko • Ukusebenzisa isakhiwo esifaneleko • Ukuhlela okumunywethweko ngokulamana • Ukusebenzisa ihlelo-leLimi, ukupeleda, neemphumuzi, isivumelwana sesenzo nehloko • Ukusebenzisa isihlathululi-mezwi ukuthuthukisa ukupeleda nelwazimagama <p>Usebenzisa indlela yekambiso</p>	<p>Umsebenzi osezigeni legama: Isiphawulo, izenzo, iinhlanganiso Ukuqinta amagama</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezigeni lomutjho: Isikhathi sanje, isikhathi esidlulileko, isivumelwano</p> <p>Ihlathulo yamagama: Isifaniso, izaga, izitjho</p> <p>Ukupeleda namatshwayo zokutlola: Ungqi, isiphumuzi, ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi, ukuhlukanisa/ukukghedlha igama</p>

ITHEMU 1				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETHJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI
		<p>nabalingisi nepilo yakhe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda ahlukahlukene • Ukucocisana ngesakhiwo, ukusetjenziswa kwelimi, ihloso nabemukelilwazi • Ukubona umehluko phakathi komlando ngepilo yomuntu/amadayari/iindatjana • Ukusebenzisa isihlathululi-mezwi ukuthuthukisa ilwazimagama <p>Iindlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu • Lisa koke bese uyafunda • Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko • Ukufunda ngababili • Ukufunda inolwana okutjaphulekileko <p>Akuhlola kokufunda – Ukulungisela ukufundela phezulu</p> <p>Ukufundela ukuzithabisa:</p> <p>Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba ma-30.</p>	<p>yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Uphosela imibono ngokusebenzisa imimebhengqondo – Ukhapha umtamo wokuthoma – Uyabuyekeza – Ubuyelela afundele ukulungisa iimphoso – Utlola umtamo wokugcina – Wethula ithathlabejo lokugcina elihlanzekileko nelifundekako <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlahlululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama</p> <p>Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi ekupeledeni Kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama</p> <p>Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukulawula ikambiso yokufunda.</p>	
<p>UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI 1 ZOMLOMO:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu (20 amamaksi) • Umsebenzi lo wokuhlola uthonywe ngethemu yoku-1, uzokuqedelelwa ngethemu yesi-2 lapho kuzabe kurekhodwa amamaksi 				
5-6	<p>Ukulalela bewuphendule endatjhaneni: Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ibonelo phambili • Ucoca ngesakhiwo, ubujamo, ihlelo lelimi letheksti • Uthomanisa nepilo yakhe <p>Ukuhlathulula izehlakalo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ucoca nekanikele umbono 	<p>Ukufunda indatjana</p> <p>Ukufundela uhlathululo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga ahlukene wokufunda. – Ukuskima umbono omumongo – Ukuskena imininingwana esekelako. 	<p>Ukutlola indatjana (Ecocako/Ehlathululako)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usebenzisa okumunyethweko okukhambelanako/okufanele nehloso yetheksti • Usebenzisa ilimi elifaneleko neskhiwo setheksti • Usebenzisa indlela efaneleko yokutlola 	<p>Umsebenzi osezigeni legama:</p> <p>Amabizo avamileko nafaneleko, iinthomo zamabizo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezigeni lomutjho:</p> <p>Isikhathi esidlulileko</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: Mabizo amqondofana</p> <p>Ukupeleda neemawu zokutlola:</p>

ITHEMU 1				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETHJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uzibandakanya engcocweni yeenqhema isib. Indaba, emayelana nendatjana Ubuza imibuzo efaneleko Unikela ipennidulo. Ugcina ingcoco Uphendula imobono yabanyengezwelo nehlonipho. Udlhegana ngekulomo 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukwenza ibonelo phambili. Cabanga ihlathululo yamagama angakajayekele kanye neenthombe <p>Ukusebenzisa amaganga wokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wenza ibonelo phambili asebenzisa iminininingwana kanye namatshwayo wezimo Ucoca ngelwazimagama elitjha elikutheksti <p>Ukufunda zemitlolo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ucocisana ngombono oqakathekileko isakhiwo. abalingisi kanye nesethulo. Uveza abe asekele umbono wakhe ngeenzathu Ucoca ngonobangela nomthelela endatjhanini Usebenzisa isihlathululi mezwi ukuthuthukisa ilwazimagama <p>indlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufundela phezulu Lisa koke bese uyafunda Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko Ukufunda ngababili Ukufunda inolwana okutjaphulekileko Ukuhlola ukufunda Ukulungiselela ukwethula ngomlomo <p>Ukufundela ukuzithabisa: Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba -30</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Utlola umutjho osihloko kufaka hlangana ilwazi elikhambelanako akhe isigaba esibumbeneke Usebenzisa ihlelo leLimi, ukupeleda, neemphumuzi ngefanelo Usebenzisa isihlathululi-mezwi thuthukise ilwazi – magama Usebenzisa iinkathi zesenzo <p>Usebenzisa indlela yekambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucoca ngemibono usebenzisa umthathabejo Ukikhiqiza umthathabeja Ukubuyekeza, Ubuyelela afundisise alungise iimphoso Uthula umtlo wokucina ohlanzekileko, ofundekako/obonakalako <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlatululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama.</p> <p>Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimazwi ukupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama</p> <p>Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukuphatha ikambiso yokufunda</p>	Ungqi, isiphumuzi unodzulwana, isihlathululimezwi
<p>UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KOMSEBENZI WESI-2</p> <p>UKUTLOLA:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eseyi (Amamaksi ama-20) Ecocako nofana ehlatululako 				

ITHEMU 1				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI
7-8	<p>Ulalela aphenhule ku-athikili yephephandaba.</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukwenza ibonelo phambili • Ulalelela imininingwana enqophileko • Ubona umlayezo oqakathekileko • Uhlobanisa nepilo yakhe <p>Ukuhlathulula izehlakalo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usebenzisa ilwazi elisuselwa ethekstini aphenhule imibuzo • Uphawula ngezokuhlalisana, zokuziphatha, namagugu wamasiko ethekstini • Ucocisana ngokufunisela nangehloso yomtlozi • Uzibandakanye engcocweni 	<p>Ufunda i-athikili yephephandaba</p> <p>Ulungiselela ukufunda: ukwenza ibonelo phambili okususelwe eenhlokweni zeendaba, ukuhlola itheksti</p> <p>Ukufundela ihlathululo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda ahlukahlukene, isib. Ukuskima, ukuskena, kusetjenziswa ilwazi elidlulileko • Wenza ibonelo phambili, kusetjenziswa imithala ukujamisa incazelo, nokuthatha isiqunto • Ubona nokuhlathulula okufanako nomehluko wokuthileko • Ucocisana ngelwazimagama elitjha elisuselwa ethekstini efundiweko • Usebenzisa isihlathululi-mezwi <p>lindlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu • Lisa koke bese Ufunde • Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko • Ukufunda ngababili • Ukufunda inolwana okutjaphulekileko <p>Ukuhlola ukufunda – Ukulungiselela ukufundela phezulu Ukufundela ukuzithabisa: Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba -30</p>	<p>Utlola i-athikili yephephandaba:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usebenzisa isihlokwana, umtlozi, isigaba esikhokhelako, iimpendulo zemibuzo: <i>Ngubani, Yini, Kuphi, Nini, Kubayini, Njani</i> • Ukhetha ngefanelo okumunyethweko ngokuya ngokwabamukelilwazi nangehloso yetheksti • Uhlanganisa imitjho yakhe isigaba esibumbeneko kusetjenziswa izabizwana, iinhlanganiso neemphumuzi • Usebenzisa ilwazimagama elibanzi, ihlelo- leLimi elifaneleko, ukupeleda nokusebenzisa ufunda ngokuzwakalako <p>Ukusebenzisa indlela yekambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Uphosela imibonongokusebenzisa imimebhengqondo – Ukhapha umtamo wokuthoma – Ukubuyekeza – Ubuyelela ufunde ukwenzela ukulungisa iimphoso – Utlola umtamo wokugcina – Wethula itlathlabejo lokugcina elihlanzekileko nelifundekako <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlathululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama. Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimazwi ukupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukuphatha ikambiso yokufunda</p>	<p>Ihlathululo yegama: Izandiso, iinqophiso iinsizasenzo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezigeni lomutjho: Iinkhathi zesenzo</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: Abomqondophika</p> <p>Ukupeleda neemphumuzi: Abonobuza, ukusetjenziswa kwesihlathululi-mezwi, ukulandelana kwamagama</p>

ITHEMU 1				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI
UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI 3 UKUPHENDULA ITHEKSTI (Amamaksi ama-40)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Itheksti yezemidlolo/nekungasiyo yezemidlolo (Amamaksi ali-15) • Itheksti ebukelwako (Amamaksi ali-10) • Izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi (Amamaksi ali-15) 				
9-10	<p>Unikela bekalandele imiyalo.</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ibonelo phambili • Ulalela abe anikele iminingana ethileko • Usebenzisa ukulamana kwelwazi ngefanelo • Ubuza imibuzo efaneleko abe aphenyule ngefanelo • Ukhapha imiyalo 	<p>Ufunda itheksti enemiyalo ngokulandela:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ucoca ngombono okhethekileko wethheksti • Ucoca ngokulandelana kwemiyalo • Ukhapha imiyalo/ikambiso. • Ucoca ngelwazi magama elitjha • Usebenzisa isihlathululimezwi <p>Ukufundela ihlathululo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ulungiselela ukufunda wenza ibonelo phambili elisuselwe esihlokweni neenthombeni • Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda • Uskimela ukuthola umbono ovamileko • Uskenela ukusekela umbono • Ukwenza ibonelo phambili. • Ukucabangela ihlathululo yamagama angakajayeleki kanye neenthombe <p>lindlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu • Lisa koke bese uyafunda • Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko • Ukufunda ngababili • Ukufunda inolwana okutjhapulekileko <p>Ukuhlola ukufunda – Ukulungiselela ukufundela phezulu</p> <p>Ukufundela ukuzithabisa:</p> <p>Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba -30</p>	<p>Utlola itheksti yelwazi, isib. Yenziwa bunjani imbedlezwana (sandwich):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukhetha ilwazi • elifaneleko • Usebenzisa isakhiwo/ijamo elifaneleko • Usebenzisa iminingwana enqophileko • Ulananisa ilwazi ngefanelo • Usebenzisa ilimi elakatelelako lesenzo • Usebenzisa ilimi elifaneleko • Ukupeleda neemphumuzi. <p>Ukusebenzisa indlela yekambisoyokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ukuhlela/ukulungiselela-ukutlola – Ukuthathabeja – Ukubuyekeza – Uku-editha – Ukulungisa iimphoso – Ukwethula isifundo <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlahlathululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama. Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimazwi ukupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama</p> <p>Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukulawula ikambiso yokufunda</p>	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <p>Izandiso/iinabiso zendawo, zesikhathi, zobujamo, iindlela zesenzo, iimphawulo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho:</p> <p>Imitjho elula, epandepande nehlangahlangeneko (eneenhlanganiso ezimbili/ezintathu)</p> <p>Ukupeleda neemphumuzi:</p> <p>Ungci, iimbabazo, iinrhunyezo, ama-akhronimi</p> <p>i-initjhiyalizeyini, ithrankhetjhini</p>

IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO (UKUHLOLA KOKUFUNDA)?

<p>Imisebenzi yokuLalela nokuKhuluma: Imihlobohlobo yemisebenzi yokuLalela nokuKhuluma</p>	<p>Imisebenzi yokuFunda nokuBukela:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso yokufunda • Imisebenzi yokufunda ngokuzwakala • Imisebenzi yokufundela ukuzwisisa • Imisebenzi yezemitlolo yeencwadi zokufunda (genre/ijenri) eziqintelweko kilesi siquntu sonyaka 	<p>Imisebenzi yokuTlola nokweThula:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso yokutlola • AmaPharagrafu (iingaba) • Imitlolo yokuthintana • I-esityi • Imitlolo yokuzitlamela 	<p>Izakhiwo nemithethwana:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yokusetjenziswa kwelimi • Imihlobohlobo yemisebenzi • Izakhiwo nemithethwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi okukhambisana nalomhlobo wetheksti
---	--	--	---

ITHEMU 1 UKURHUNYEZWA KWEMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO

<p>UKUFUNDELA PHEZULU (amamaksi ama-20) UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: Umsebenzi lo wokuhlola uthonywe ngethemu yoku-1, uzokuqedelelwa ngethemu yesi-2 lapho kuzabe kurekhodwa amamaksi</p>	<p>UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI WESI- 2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UKUTLOLA (amamaksi ama-20) • I-esityi ehlathululako/ecocako lingaba ezi-3 	<p>UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI WESI- 3 UKUPHENDULA AMATHEKSTI (amamaksi ama-40):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Itheksti eliqiniso/engasilo iqiniso (amamaksi ali-15) • Itheksti ebukelwako (amamaksi ali-10) • Izakhiwo nemithethwana yelimi amamaksi ali-15)
--	---	--

ITHEMU 2				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETHJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI.
1-2	<p>Ukulalela ikondlo.</p> <p>Umsebenzi osingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukwenza ibonelo phambili • Ubuka abe aphenyule ngemiphumela yamatjhada ahlahlambiswe yikondlo <p>Ukuhlathulula izehlakalo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ucocisana ngombono oqakathekileko • Uthomanisa nepilwakhe • Uveza amazizo ngekondlo • Ucoca ngomzwakalo welizwi (ithoni), nelimi nomphumela walokho kubamukelilwazi nelimi elakha ummoya (i-athimosfera) <p>Ukutjho(ukurhaya) ikondlo/imitjho ekhethekileko:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukhetha iphimbo nobujamo bobuso ezifanele okumethweko, kanye nesitayela sekondlo • Ukusebenzisa iphimbo elifaneleko • Ukusebenzisa ilimi lomzimba elifaneleko, ukujama namakghono wokukhululma, isib. Ukulawula iphimbo ngendlela efaneleko • Ukusebenzisa iphimbo nokujamo bobuso ngokufaneleko 	<p>Ukufunda ikondlo</p> <p>Ukufundela uhlathululo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga ahlukeneko wokufunda – Ukuskima umbono omumongo – Ukuskena imininingwana esekelako – Ukwenza ibonelo phambili – Ukuthatha inqunto ngehlathululo yamagama angakajayekele kanye neenthombe <p>Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukwenza ibonelo phambili asebenzisa imininingwana kanye namatshwayo wezimo <p>Ukufunda ikondlo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukubona ivumelwano, negido aphawule ngemiphumela yakho kubamukelilwazi • Ukuveza amazizo nemibono ngekondlo • Ukumadanisa/ukuthomanisa nepilwakhe • Usebenzisa isihlathululi-mezwi ukuthuthukisa ilwazimagama <p>Iindlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu (Lisa koke bese) • Ukufunda/ukuhlala nesiqhema esihlahlwako • Ukufunda ngabili • Ukufunda inolwana ukukhululekile <p>Akuhlola kokufunda – Ukulungisela ukufundela phezulu</p> <p>Ukufundela ukuzithabisa:</p> <p>Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba -30</p>	<p>Ukutlola ikondlo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusebenzisa ifanatjhada, ifanamdumo, ifanakamisa, ifanangwaqa, isingathekiso, isifaniso • Ukusebenzisa ilimi lokufanekisa isib. limfaniso, iingathekiso • Ukutlama, athathabeje atsengise umtlo • Ukukhipha umtamo wokuthoma ayelele umbono oqakathekileko • Ukubonisa ukuzwisisa isitayela nehlobo lelimi lobujamo (irejista) • Ukuzindla abe ahlaziye umtlo • Usebenzisa imithetho efaneleko yeemphumuzi <p>Usebenzisa indlela yekambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuphosela imibono ngokusebenzisa imimebhengqondo • Ukukhipha umtamo wokuthoma • Ukubuyekeza • Ukubuyelela • Uku-editha • Ukulungisa iimphoso • Ukwethula isifundo <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehhlathululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama. Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi ekupeledeni Kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama</p> <p>Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukulawula ikambiso yokufunda</p>	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <p>Amabizo buthelela, amabizo-nya (wezinto ezingaphathekiko/ezingabonakali) iimbabazo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho:</p> <p>Isikhathi sanje esiragako</p> <p>Ihlathululo legama:</p> <p>Ifanatjhada, (ifanakamisa, ifanangwaqa) ukwenzasamuntu, igido, ivumelwano, isifaniso, isingathekiso</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokupeleda, ukufunda nokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukukghedlha igama, usebenzisa isihlathululimezwi, isibabazo

ITHEMU 2				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI.
UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI WOKU-1 ZOMLOMO: UKUFUNDELA PHEZULU (amamaksi ama-20) Umsebenzi lo wokuhlola uthonywe ngethemu yoku-1, uzokuqedelwa ngethemu yesi-2 lapho kuzabe kurekhodwa amamaksi				
3-4	<p>Ukulalela bewucocisane ngetheksti yelwazi yobujamo bezulu</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ibonelo phambili • Ukulalelela ukuthola imininingwan • enqophileko • Ucoca ngokuba lisizo kwelwazi • Uhlobanisa ilwazi nepilo yakhe <p>Ukuhlathulula izehlakalo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ucoca ngemiphumela yelwazi engahle ibekhona ebantwini. • Umadanisa ubujamo eendaweni ezahlukahlukeneko, atjengise iindawo ezenyulwako anikele iinzathu. • Uzibandakanya eengcaweni asekele umbono wakhe • Ubona amatshwayo wobujamo bezulu: Irejista nehlobo lelimi elisetjenzisiweko • Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokuthintana ngepumelelo ekulumiswaneni yeenqhema 	<p>Ukufunda itheksti yesimo sezulu</p> <p>Ukulungiselela ukufunda: wenza ibonelo phambili elisuselwe esihlokweni/neenthombeni.</p> <p>Ukufundela uhlathululo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga ahlukeneko wokufunda – Ukuskima umbono omumongo – Ukuskena imininingwana esekelako – Ukwenza ibonelo phambili – Ukwebanga ihlathululo yamagama angakajayekele kanye neenthombe <p>Amaqhinga wokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ukubona abe amadanise okungafaniko nokufanako – Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda: Ukuskimela ukuthola umbono ovamileko, ukuskenela ukuthola imininingwana enqophileko – Ukubona indlela itheksti ehleleke ngayo – Ukufunda itheksti yelwazi enokubukelwako. Isib. Umebhe – Ukurhumutjha okubukelwako – Ukusebenzisa imimebhengqondo arhunyeye ilwazi <p>lindlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu 	<p>Ukutlola umbiko wobujamo bezulu:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlanganisa imitjho akhe isigaba esibumbeneko asebenzisa isabizwana, inhlanganiso neemphumuzi anembako • Ukwethula ilwazi asebenzise imebhengqondo, igrafu nofana idayagramu <p>Ukusebenzisa indlela yekambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukutlama/ukuhlela • Ukutlhathabeja • Ukubuyekeza • Uku-editha • Ukulungisa iimphoso • Ukwethula <p>Ukurekhoda amagama kanye nehlahlululo yawo ekusihlahlululimezwi nofana kubodamagama. Ukusebenzisa isihlahlululimazwi ukupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama</p> <p>Ukusebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukulawula ikambiso yokufunda</p>	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <p>Imihlobo yezenzo, izenzo ezinomenziwa, izenzo ezingenamenziwa, iimphawulo, izandiso, iinhlanganiso, amabizomba</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho:</p> <p>Imitjho elula, imitjho epandepande nehlangahlangeneko, isikhathi esizako</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <p>Abomabizwafana, abomqondophika, abomqondomngeni, abomqondofana, abophimbohluka</p> <p>Ukupeleda neemphumuzi:</p> <p>Amatshwayo nezakhiwo zelimi ezisembikweni wobujamo bezulu nalezo eziqintelweko kilomzombe</p>

ITHEMU 2				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lisa koke bese uyafunda • Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko • Ukufunda ngababili • Ukufunda inolwana okutjhaphulekileko <p>Ukuhlola ukufunda – Ukulungiselela ukufundela phezulu.</p> <p>Ukufundela ukuzithabisa: Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba -30</p>		
5-6	<p>Ukulalela nokuphendula emdlalweni Imisebenzi esingeniso: Ukwenza ibonelo phambili elisuselwa esihlokweni/esithombeni</p> <p>Ukuhlathulula izehlakalo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukubuyelela ucoce ngeenqophuzomdlalo ngokulamana • Ukubona nokucocisana ngombono oqakathekileko, isakhiwo, isizinda, umoya womdlalo nangabalingisi • Ukulalela imininingwana enqophileko • Ukusebenzisa imininingwana • Ngokunembako • Ukuveza imicabango namazizo • Ukusebenzisa iLimi efaneleko <p>Ukudlala indima:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Izwi liyahlukanakanye nokuqaleka kobuso. • Ukutjhuguluka kweregista, isakhiwo selimi kanye nezitjho. 	<p>Ukufunda umdlalo Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Uskimela ukuthola umbono ovamileko – Ukuskenela ukuthola imininingwana enqophileko – Ukwenza ibonelo phambili – Cabanga ihlathululo yamagama angakajayeleki kanye neenthombe – Urhumutjha okubukelwako – Usebenzisa imimebhe-ngqondo arhunyeye ilwazi – Ukufunda ngokuzwakalako atjhugulule ibelo ngefanelo <p>Amaqhinga wokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ukuhlathulula bonyana abatloli balisebenzisa njani ilwazimagama neLimi ukuhlathulula isakhiwo, isizinda, abalingisi – Ukuhlathulula imiphumela yamagama nokufanekisa – Ukubona unobangela ethekstini ekhulunywako netloliweko nokuhlathulula ukuhlobana 	<p>Ukutlola umdlalo, isiqetjhana/ikulumopendulwano nofana indatjana ecocako/ehlathululako Ukutlama abalingisi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlathulula isizinda • Ukuthuthukisa isakhiwo • Ukusebenzisa ibumbeko elifaneleko • Ubona ukuzwakala kwelizwi nofana umoya womdlalo • Ukuhlela, ukutlathabeja nokutsenga umtlo • Ukutlola imitjho kusetjenziswe ikulumo enqophileko nekulumo emubiko • Ukukhipha itlathabejo lokuthoma elinombono oqakathekileko neengaba ezisekelako ezithuthukisiweko • Ukusebenzisa isivumelwano sehloko/sakamenzi • Ukusebenzisa ihlelo lelimi, ukupeleda, neemphumuzi ngendlela efaneleko. <p>Usebenzisa indlela yekambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukutlama/ukuhlel • Ukutlathabeja • Ukubuyekeza • Uku-editha • Ukulungisa iimphoso 	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama: Izenzo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho: Iintatimende, imibuzo, iinkatelelo, imitjho epandepande nehlangahlangeneko, ikulumo enqophileko nemubiko</p> <p>Ihlathululo legama: i-oksironi</p> <p>Ukupeleda namatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola (iimphumuzi):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Iimphumuzi nezakhiwo zelimi ezisemdlalweni nalezo eziqintelweko kilomzombe • Abodzubhula/abonokhuluma, Ikhloni, isemi-kholoni, abodzubhulwana

ITHEMU 2				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI.
		<p>lindlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu • Lisa koke bese uyafunda • Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko • Ukufunda ngababili • Ukufunda inolwana okutjhaphulekileko <p>Ukuhlola kokufunda – ukulungisela ukufundela phezulu</p> <p>Ukufundela ukuzithabisa:</p> <p>Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba -30</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukwethula isifundo <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlahlululo yawo ekusihlahlululimezwi nofana kubodamagama Ukusebenzisa isihlahlululimezwi ekupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama.</p> <p>Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukulawula ikambiso yokufunda.</p>	
<p>UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI WESI-4:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Umtlole wokuthintana: (amamaksi ali-10) • Umsebenzi lo utlolwa ngaphambi kokuhlola okulawulwako 				
7-8	<p>Ukulalela nokuphendula umbiko Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukwenza ibonelo phambili esihlokweni neenthombeni • Ukulalela umbono oqakathekileko neminingwana enqophileko • Ukuphendula imibuzo • Ukwabelana ngemibono • Ukutsenga ilwazi. • Ukuhunyeka ilwazi. • Ukwethula ilwazi asebenzise ithebula/itjhadi/igrafu <p>Ukuzibandakanya ekucocisaneni kwesiqhema:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlala esihlokweni. • Unikela ipendulo eyakhako. • Ukukhombisa izwelo kwabarethe nokuzwela abanye. 	<p>Ufunda umbiko onokubukelwako:</p> <p>isib. Ithebula/itjhadi/igrafu:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukulungiselela ukufunda: wenza ibonelo phambili elisuselwe esihlokweni/neenthombeni • Ukucocisana ngombono oqakathekileko nangeminingwana enqophileko <p>Ukufundela ihlahlululo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda: – Ukufundela phezulu, atjhugulula ibelo ngendlela efaneleko. <p>Amaqhinga wokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ukuhumutjha ilwazi eligwaliweko – Ukwabelana ngemibono, ukufunisela ngokuthileko ngaphandle kobufakazi (ukuraya) umcabango ongakaqinisekiswa – Ukusebenzisa imimebhe ngqondo/amanothi arhunyeka ilwazi – Ukucoca ngelwazi magama elitjha 	<p>Utlola umbiko:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukutlola okumunywethweko okufaneleko ngefunesiso/ipheno • Ukutjhugulula ilwazi alisuse komunye umhlobo alise komunye • Ukusebenzisa khuyini, nini, ubani • Ukulamanisa ilwazi • Ukuhlanganisa imitjho ibe sigaba (ipharagrafu) ebumbeneko asebenzisa izabizwana neenhlangotho • Ukusebenzisa ihlelo lelimi elifaneleko, ukupelwa namatshwayo wokutlola nokufunda • Ukwethula umsebenzi ohlanzekileko usebenzisa isakhiwo esifaneleko njengeenhloko, iinkhala zamapharagrafu, njll. <p>Usebenzisa indlela yekambiso</p> <p>Yokutlola:</p>	<p>Umsebenzi oseziningeni legama:</p> <p>limphawulo, izabizwana, inhlangotho,</p> <p>Umsebenzi oseziningeni lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isikhathi esidlulileko esisaragela phambili • Isikhathi esizako esiragako, iimpambosi yokwenza neyokwenziwa • Umutjho wesikhathi esidlulileko esiragako, umutjho wesikhathi esizako esiragako, umutjho onqophileko, umutjho lapho umenziwa athatha indawo yehloko, umbuzo <p>Ukupeleda neemphumuzi:</p> <p>I-elipsisi, isibabazo, abodzubhula/ abonokhuluma, unobuza limphumuzi</p>

ITHEMU 2				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI.
		elivela ethekstini – Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi lindlela yekambiso yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu • Lisa koke bese uyafunda • Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko • Ukufunda umbiko utjhaphulukile • Ukufunda ngababili • Ukufunda umbiko utjhaphulukile Akuhlola kokufunda. – Ukulungisela ukufundela phezulu Ukufundela ukuzithabisa: Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba ma -30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuphosela imibono ngokusebenzisa imimebhengqondo • Ukukhipha umtamo wokuthoma • Ukubuyekeza • Ukubuyelela • Uku-editha • Ukulungisa iimphoso • Ukwethula Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlathululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama. Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi ekupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukulawula ikambiso yokufund.	
9-10	UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI WESI- 5 UKUHLOLA OKULAWULWAKO: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UKUPHENDULA AMATHEKSTI (40 amamaksi) • Umbuzo1: Ithekesti eliqiniso/engasilo iqiniso (amamaksi ali-15) • Umbuzo 2: Ithekesti ebukelwako (amamaksi li-10) • Umbuzo 3: Ukutlola isirhunyezo (amamaksi ama-5) • Umbuzo 4: Izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yelimi (amamaksi ali-10) 			

IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO (UKUHLOLA KOKUFUNDA)			
<p>Imisebenzi yokuLalela nokuKhuluma: Imihlobohlobo yemisebenzi yokuLalela nokuKhuluma</p>	<p>Imisebenzi yokuFunda nokuBukela:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso yokufunda • Imisebenzi yokufunda ngokuzwakala • Imisebenzi yokufundela ukuzwisisa • Imisebenzi yezemitlolo yeencwadi zokufunda (genre/ijenri) eziqintelweko kilesi siquntu sonyaka 	<p>Imisebenzi yokuTlola nokweThula:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso yokutlola • AmaPharagrafu (iingaba) • Imitlolo yokuthintana • I – eseyi • Imitlolo yokuzitlamela 	<p>Izakhiwo nemithethwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi: Imihlobohlobo yemisebenzi Izakhiwo nemithethwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi okukhambisana nomhlobo wetheksti</p>
UKURHUNYEZWA KWEMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO IGREYIDI YESI-5:			
<p>UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO UKUFUNDELA PHEZULU (amamaksi ama-20) Umsebenzi lo wokuhlola uthonywe ngethemu yoku-1, uzokuqedelelwa ngethemu yesi-2 lapho kuzabe kurekhodwa amamaksi</p>	<p>UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI 4: UKUTLOLA: Umtlolo wokuthintana: (amamaksi ali-10) Itlola ngaphambi kuhlolwa okulawulwako</p>	<p>UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI WESI- 5 ISIVIVINYO SAKAMGWENGWENI (amamaksi ama- 40):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UKUPHENDULA AMATHEKSTI (amamaksi ama-40) • Itheksti eliqiniso/engasilo iqiniso (amamaksi ali-15) • Itheksti ebukelwako (amamaksi ali-10) • Izakhiwo nemithethwana yelimi (amamaksi ali-15) • Umbuzo 4: okumumethwe yizakhiwo zelimi nemithethwana yakhona (amamaksi ali-10) 	

ITHEMU 3				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETHJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI
1-2	<p>Ukulalela nokucocisana ngendatjana, isib. linolwana, iinolwana-mlando ezisuselwa encwadini yokufunda yangetlasini</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wenza ibonelo phambili Ubona umqondo oqakathekileko, isakhiwo, isizinda, umoya wendatjana engasilo iqiniso Uhlukanisa phakathi kwezahlakalo zamambala nekungasizo zamambala Usekela umbono wakhe Uphendula imibono neemphakamiso ngezwele <p>Ukubuyelela indatjhana (iinolwana isib. iinolwana, iinolwana-mlando ezisuselwa encwadini yokufunda yangetlasini:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubuyelela ucoce ngezehlakalo zendada ngokulamana Uthiya amabizo abalingisi ngefanelo Uveza imicabango namazizo ngendaba/abalingisi/isethulo, umlayezo/ummongondaba wetheksti, njll. 	<p>Ufunda indaba, isib. linolwana (ezikholekako/abalingisi baziinlwana)</p> <p>Ukufundela ihlathululo</p> <p>Isifundo sokuzwisisa</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulungiselela ukufunda: ibonelo phambili ngesihloko kanye nesithombe esikutheksti. Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda: ukuskima, ukuskena, imithala yobujamo obuthileko nelwazi elidlulileko <p>Isifundo seencwadi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ihlathulula indlela abatlole basebenzisa ngayo iincwadi nelimi ukuhlathulula isakhiwo, ummongondaba, kanye sethulo Ucoca abe anikele nesizathu sezenzo zomlingisi Usebenzisa isihlathululimezwi amagama amatjha kanye nelwazimagama etheksthini <p>lindlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufundela phezulu Lisa koke bese uyafunda Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko Ukufunda ngababili Ukufunda inolwana okutjhaphulekileko <p>Akuhlola kokufunda. – ukulungiselela ukufundela phezulu:</p> <p>Ukufundela ukuzithabisa: nolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba ma-30</p>	<p>Utlola ihlathululo yeengaba zokufundwa kweenolwana zendabuko (isib. linolwana, iinolwana-mlando) ezisuselwa encwadini yokufunda yangetlasini kusetjenziswa ifreyimu yokutlola</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukhetha okumunyethweko okufaneleko, okumunyethweko okufanele ummongo Ucoca ngabalingisi, indawo nokulamanisa izehlakalo etheksthini efundwako Ucoca ngehloso yetheksti. Ucoca ngesakhiwo, abalingisi usethulo etheksthini <p>Abafundi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Utlola ihlathululo labalingisi etheksthini Uhlala esihlokweni/okumunyethweko Usebenzisa ilimi elihlathululako khulukhulu iimphawulo ezimihlobo Usebenzisa ilimi elifanekisako, isib. limfaniso, iingathek Usebenzisa ilimi ngefanelo, ukupeleda kanye neemphumuzi Uhlanganisa imitjho akhe isigaba (ipharagrafu) ebumbeneko asebenzisa izabizwana, inhlanganiso <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlathululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi ukupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukuphatha ikambiso yokufunda</p>	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <p>Ubunye nobunengi, iinciphiso, isiphawulo. izenzo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho:</p> <p>Ibizonto, imibuzo, ikulumo enqophileko nengakanqophi, iingaba</p> <p>Ukupeleda namatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola:</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola: amagabhadhela, unqo, isiphumuzi</p>

ITHEMU 3				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI
3-4 CWP ISIGABA 1 IRHUBHUL ULO	<p>Ulalela abe azibandakanye ingcocweni ephrojekthini emayelana nemitlolo ekhethiweko (iinkondlo/iinolwana/indatjhana efitjhani/umdlalo)</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coca ngekambiso yerhubhululo nokulamana kwezehlakalo Coca ngetuthuko yombuzo obekiweko. Khuluma ngokusetjenziswa komthombo/iinsiza zerhubhululo Udzimelela ekuthatheni amanowuthi Hlathulula isilulumagama nokubaluleka komthombo welwazi Hlathulula indlela yokuhlola kanye neenhlathululi ezikurubhuriki/ihlelo lokuhlola <p>Abafundi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hlukanisa ngeenqhema nofana usebenze ngamunye Hlanganisa ilwazi ngerhubhululo Yabelana ngemibono abe azibandakanye engcocweni Hlanganisa umthombo welwazi. Gcina irekhodi lekambiso yerhubhululo (Ipotifoliyo yobuFakazi) 	<p>Ukufundela ilwazi elimayelana nemitlolo ekhethiweko (Isib. Inkondlo/Inganekwana/Umdlalo/Indatjhana efitjhani)</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Iletha iintlabagelo zerhubhululo. Kuthaza abafundi babenomfakela erhubhululweni elinikelweko. Buyekeza itheksthi ukukhuthaza ukuzwisisa. Coca ngomthelela watshwayo/izakhi zekonkondlo/inolwana/umdlalo/ndatjhana efitjhani. Coca ngomthelela wobufakazi bamaqhinga wokubonakalo imitlolweni (linkondlo/Inolwana. Umdlalo/indatjhana efitjhani.) <p>Abafundi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga ahlukeneko wokufunda. Ukuskima umbono omumongo Ukuskena imininingwana esekelako Ukwenza ibonelo phambili. Cabanga ihlathululo yamagama angakajayeleki kanye neenthombe Hlanganisa ilwazi elikhethiweko lokuhlelwa kweenthombe. (Isib. Umtlathabejo, itjhadi lokulandelana kwelwazi, i-Venn dayagramu) Tlola amanowuthi ukulungiselela umtlo wesigaba 2 	<p>Sebenzisa imihlobo ehlukekahlukene yeenthombe ukucoca ngomphumela werhobhululo lephrojekthi.</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Khombisa amafreyimu/amathulusi ukusekela umhlobo womkhiqizo ekufanele ukhiqizwe. (Isib. Umtlathabejo, ukuladelana kelwazi etjhadini, i-Venn dayagramu, njll.) Hlathulula isilulumagama nokubaluleka komthombo welwazi Buyelela indlela yokuhlola kanye neenhlathululi kurubhuriki/ihlelo lokuhlola. Khumbuza abafundi batjheje lokha naphendula umbuzo ohlahlako <p>Abafundi aba-:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dzimelela ekambisweni yerhubhululo Phendula embuzweni ohlahlako/isihloko serhubhululo ngokukhetha ilwazi elifaneleko elisuka emthonjeni osetjenzisiweko ngesikhathi serhubhululo Yenza amanowuthi ngamagamakho nokulungiselela umtlo wesigaba – 2 Landela ifreyimu yokutlola (nangabe inikelwe) Sebenzisa ilimi elifaneleko 	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama: Izenzo.</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho:</p> <p>Isikhathi sanje, isikhathi esizako</p> <p>Ihlathululo lamagama:</p> <p>Isenzasauntu, izaga, izitjho, isifaniso</p> <p>Ukuqiniswa kwesakhiwo selimi kanye nemithetho ehlobene nerhubhululo yehlobo lezemitlolo ekucalwe kiyo. (isib. linkondlo, inganekwana, umdlalo, indatjhana efitjhani)</p> <p>Isibonelo imihlobo yemitjho, imihlobo yeengaba</p> <p>lingcezu zekulumo, iimphumuzi nokupeleda, ilwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p>

ITHEMU 3				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI
	ISIYELELISO SAKATITJHERE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso iyaraga beyithathe umzombe weemveke ezimbili • Ubufakazi bemisebenzi kanye nendlela yekambiso okufanele igcinwe encwadini yokusebenzela yabafundi/efayilini/iphothifoliyo yobufakazi • Khombisa ukuthi lenziwa njani irhubhululo – ‘Ngiyenza, Siyenza, Uyenza’ • Okutholakeleko eRhuhhulweni kufanele kuphendule umbuzo ohlahlako/isihloko • Naka ngokukhethekileko ireferensi kanye nesakhiwo sencwadi • Hlola Isigaba 1: Irhubhululo usebenzise irubhrigi/uhlu ihlelo lokutlola bese unikela abafundi umbiko obuyako (feedback) • Yoke imisebenzi kumele yenziwe ngekumbeni yokufundela ngokuhlala ngutitjhere • Ukuhlola kokuFunda kufanele kuragele phambili 			
5-6 CWP ISIGABA 2 UMTLOLO	<p>Amaqhingana wokulalela nokukhuluma: Nqopha emihlobeni yeencwadi elifaneleko (isib., linkondlo/InganeKwana/Umdlalo/Indatjana efitjhani)</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coca ngehlobo lomtlo begobu uhlahlule namatshwayo • Hlathulula ngokulindelekile ngomsebenzi otlolwako • Coca nabafundi bona bahlela bunjani ukutlola wabo basebenzisa ikambiso yokutlola. • Nikela abafundi ifreyimu ebazoyisebenzisa likho nabatlolako • Hlahla abafundi ngokuqedelela ifreyimu • Khombisa bona kutlolwa bunjani – ngiyenza, siyenza, uyenza • Nikela imiyalo emayelana nokutlola umsebenzi • otlolwako <p>Abafundi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yakha ibanga yamagama mayelana nesihloko esikhethiweko • Abafundi bazokufaka isandla engcocweni 	<p>Amaqhingana wokufunda nokutlola – hlahla abafundi ukuze bazwisise irubhriki yamaphrojekthi neemfuneko zokuhlola:</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nikela ihlathululo mayelana nokulamana kwezehlakalo. • Hlahla abafundi ekufundeni nokusebenzisa amanowuthi werhubhululo. • Funda bewucoce ngerubhuriki. • Khupa indlela kanye nehlathululo yerubhuriki <p>Abafundi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Funda umtlo okhethiweko • Funda bewuzwisise irubhuriki • Funda bewuzwisise ifreyimu etlolwako • Khombisa iimvumelwano aqalene nomtlo orhujululwako 	<p>Tlola /gwala/tlama ingcenywe etloliweko yeenhloko ezikhethiweko:</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nikela abafundi ifreyimu abazoyisebenzisa lokha nabatlolako • Hlahla abafundi ngendlela ebazokuqedelela ngayo ireyimu etloliweko • Coca ngekambiso yokutlola: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Ukutlama/ukulungiselela ✓ Ukutlathlabeja ✓ Ukubuyekeza ✓ Uku-editha ✓ Ukulungisa iimphoso ✓ Ukwethula. • Coca ngezakhi/amatshwayo womtlo okhethiweko <p>Abafundi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sebenzisa ifreyimi etloliweko (nakufunekako) • Lungisa umtlathlabejo wokuthoma • Funda bese ulungise amaphutha womtlathlabejo wokuthoma • Tlola bese wethule umtlo wokugcina 	<p>Ihlathululo yamagama:</p> <p>Isezo isitlhadhluli</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho: linkathi zesenzo</p> <p>Ihlathululo yamagama:</p> <p>Amagama amqondophikisa</p> <p>Ukupeleda neephumuzi:</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokudzubhula, ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi, ukuhlela amagama</p> <p>Ukuqiniswa kwezakhiwo zelimi kanye neemvemulwano ezihlanganiswe eemvekeni ezidlulileko:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Iimpawu zokutlola nokupeleda • Ilwazimagama ebujameni obuthileko • Indlela namatshwayo alungileko • Hlela okumunyethweko (ukuhlela) • Hlela okumunyethweko (ukuhlela okumumongo nombono asekelako) • Iindima/iimvumelwano ezibonakalako • Ukulandelana kweengaba/kwemibono okunengqondo ukuqinisekisa ukukhambisana • Ubujamo belimi njengoba bulindelekile esihlokweni

ITHEMU 3				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Zwisisa okulindilekileko okuhlobene nombuzo ohlahlako 			
	<p>ISIYELELISO SAKATITJHERE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Ikambiso yokutlola iragela phambili emzombeni weemveke ezimbili ✓ Ubufakazi bekambiso yokutlola kufanele bugcinwe ngaphakathi kwencwadi yomsebenzi yomntwana/ifayili/ipotfoliyo yobufakazi ✓ Lawula ikambiso yokutlola ✓ Okutholakele erhubhululweni kufanele iphendule embuzweni/esihlokweni esihlahlako ✓ Yelela khulu isilululwazi nokwakheka komthombo welwazi ✓ Hlola isigaba – 2: ukutlola esebenzisa irubhuriki bewuse ipendulo ebafundini ✓ Yoke imitlolo kufanele yenziwe ngetlasini ngelawulo lakatitjhere ✓ Omunye nomunye umntwana atole wakhe umsebenzi azozikutshwaywa wona ngokusebenzisa irubhuriki 			
CPW ISIGABA 3 UKWETHU LA ZOMLOMO	<p>ISIYELELISO SAKATITJHERE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Yoke imisebenzi kufanele yenziwe ngetlasini ngaphasi kwelawulo lakatitjhere Ukwethula kwezomlomo kungeziwa ngaleedlela: Nokutjhaphuluka, ngababili nofana ngesiqhema kodwana omunye nomunye umfundi azitshwayele ngerubhuriki ehlukekileko Isibonelo: umdlalo ungadlalwa, linkondlo: iinkondlo ezihlabako, njll. Ukuhlola okuragako kwabafundi 			
7-8	<p>Ukulalela nokucocisana ngesikhangiso:</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ibonelo lemisebenzi esingeniso. Lalela imbono ethize Khombisa iindaba ezibalulekileko <p>Abafundi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coca ngokusebenza kwesikhangiso Veza imiqabango nemizwa ngendlela yokucabanga Phendula ngokuyelela embonweni. Nikela ipendulo ebuyako Yaba imibono bewunikele imibono eenhlokweni ezingakajayeleki <p>YELELA: Ukuhlola ukufunda okuragela phambili -. Ukulungiselela ukwethula zomlomo kuthemu 4</p>	<p>Ukufunda isikhangiso:</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda. Ukuskena umbono omumongo. Ukuskima imininingwana esekelako. Sebenzisa ilwazi langaphambili nofana iinkomba zomtlolo. Cabanga ihlathululo <p>Abafundi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Qala bewuphawule ngamagrafu wethekniki asetjenziswe emathekstini abukelwako; umbala, ukutlola, isakhiwo <p>Iindlela zokuFunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufundela phezulu (Lisa Koke bese ufunde) Hlahla isiqhema esifundako Yaba ukufunda Ukufunda inovelana ngokutjhaphuluka 	<p>Utlola isikhangiso:</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uveza imibono ecacileko begodu ngendlela elandelanako Usebenzisa okubukelwako nesakhiwa ngefanelo nagehloso Usebenzisa ilwazimagama, ilimi, ukupeleda kanye neemphumuzi elihlukahlukeneko begodu ezfaneleko. Usebenzisa ilimi ukhwakha nokuveza okocatjangwako <p>Ikambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutlama/ukulungiselela Ukutlathhabeja Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukulungisa iimphoso Ukwethula isifundo 	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <p>Ukumadanisa, izandiso</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho:</p> <p>Imitjho emifitjhani elula, isivumelwano sehloko</p> <p>Ukupeleda neemphumuzi:</p> <p>linrhunyezo, abodzubhula</p>

ITHEMU 3				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI
		Ukufundela ukuzithabisa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ikondlo/inovelana zifundwe amaminithi ama-30 ngamalanga • Hlola amatheksthi afundwa ngokutjhaphuluka. • Coca ngetheksti yakho 	Isihlathulumazwi sakho: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rekhoda amagama nehlathululo yawo kusihlathululimezwi sakho • Sebenzisa igwalo nofana imitjho, sebenzisa amagama nofana uhlathululo ukutjengisa ihlathululo njll. • Beka ilwazimagama elitjha kubodamagama 	
9-10	<p>Lalela ikondlo.</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ibonelo phambili. • Buka bewuphendule ngomphumela womdumo ovuselelwa yikondlo <p>Hlathulula izehlakalo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coca nombono oqakathekileko • Coca ngemibono yakho • Veza imizwa evuswa yikondlo • Coca ngokuzwakala kwelizwi kanye nelimi elisetjenzisiweko nomthelela kubamukelilwazi kwakha ummoya <p>Ukurhaya ikondlo/imitjho ekhethiweko:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Khetha ukuzwakala kwelizwi kanye isimo somzimba uphandlusela ngefanelo kokumunyethweko nesitayela sekondlo • Sebenzisa iphimbo elifaneleko nobujamo bobuso • Sebenzisa isikinyeko lomzimba, ukujama ngefanelo 	<p>Ufunda ikondlo</p> <p>Ikufundela ihlathululo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ulungiselela ukufunda wenza ibonelo phambili elisuselwe esihlokweni neenthombeni – Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda – Uskimela ukuthola umbono ovamileko – Uskenela ukusekela umbono – Ukwenza ibonelo phambili – Ukucabangela ihlathululo yamagama angakajayekeki kanye neenthombe <p>Amaqhinga wokuzwisisa:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yenza ibonelo phambili usebenzisa amatjhada neenkomba zobujamo, ibonelo phambili esiphethweni <p>Isifundo seencwadi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukhombisa ivumelwano, igido bese uphawula ngomthelela wayo kubemukelilwazi. • Uveza imizwa nemibono. • Coca ngobuphilo bakho • Sebenzisa isihlathululimezwi ukuthuthukisa ilwazimagama <p>lindlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu 	<p>Utlola ikondlo:</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sebenzisa (ufanangwaqa, ifanakamisa, isingathekiso, isifaniso • Tjengisa ukuzwisisa isitayela, irejista • Zindla bewuhlole umtlole kanye nomsebenzi wokuzitlamela • Sebenzisa amatshwayo wokutlola ngendlela efaneleko <p>Usebenzisa indlela yekambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukutlama/ukuhlela • Ukuthathabeja • Ukubuyekeza • Uku-editha • Ukulungisa iimphoso • Ukwethula <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlathululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama. Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimazwi ukupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama</p> <p>Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukulawula ikambiso yokufunda</p>	<p>Umsebenzi osezigeni legama: Amabizo buthelela, iimbabazo.</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezigeni lomutjho: isikhathi esiragel aphambili</p> <p>Ihlathululo yamagama: Ufanangwaqa, ufanakamisa, isenza samuntu, igido, ivumelwano isingathekiso, isifaniso</p> <p>Ukupeleda neemphumuzi: Ukukghedlha, ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi, isibabazo</p>

ITHEMU 3				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUTLOLWA KWELIMI
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lisa koke bese ufunde • Ukuhlelela isiqhema/okwabiweko • Ukufunda ngabili • Ukufunda umdlalo/ikulumopendulwano etjhaphulukileko <p>Ukuhlola ukufunda – ukulungiselela ukufundela phezulu Ukufundela ukuthaba: Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba ma-30</p>		

ITHEMU 3 UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO			
Imisebenzi YokuLalela nokuKhuluma: Imihlobohlobo yemisebenzi yokuLalela nokuKhuluma	Imisebenzi yokuFunda nokuBukela: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso yokufunda • Imisebenzi yokufunda ngokuzwakalako • Imisebenzi yokufundela ukuzwisisa • Imisebenzi yemitlolo yeencwadi zokufunda (genre/ijenri) eziqintelweko kilesi siquntu somnyaka 	Imisebenzi yokuTlola nokweThula: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso yokutlola • AmaPharagrafu (iingaba) • Imitlolo yokuthintana • I-eseyi • Imitlolo yokuzitlamela 	zakhiwo nemithetjhwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi: Imihlobohlobo yemisebenzi yezakhiwo nemithetjhwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi

UMSEBENZI ONGAKAHLELEKI NOFANA OHLELEKILEKO:

- Ukuhlola okungakahleleki kufanele usejenziswe ukulawula imiyalo namathuba wokulungisa nokuqinisa
- Ngokusebenzisa umbuzo, ukucocisana, ukucala, ukuhlola okungakahleleki kunganikela utitjhere ipendulo yamsinya
- Ukuhlola kokufunda kufanele kuragele phambili
- Ukuhlola okuragela phambili kokufunda ukulungiselela ukwethula zomlomo kuThemu 4

ITHEMU 3 UKURHUNYEZA UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO**UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI - 6****UMSEBENZI WOKUTLAMA UMTLOLO WEPHROJEKTHI:**

- Isigaba.1: Irhubhululo (Amamaski ali-10)
- Isigaba 2: Ukutlola (Amamaksi ama-30)
Inani Loke (Amamaksi ama-40)

Umtlolo wephrojekthi wokuzitlamela uzokuba nayelana nayinye ihlobo lezemitlolo elifundiweko: ikondlo/umdlalo/indatjana efitjhani

UMSEBENZI OHLELEKILEKO:**UMSEBENZI – 7 ZOMLOMO:**

- Ukwethulako wezomlomo komsebenzi wokuzitlamela wePhrojekthi (Amamaksi ama-20)
- Inani Loke: (Amamaksi ama-20)
- Thoma ngomsebenzi wezomlomo kuThemu 3 bese uqeda ngoThemu 4 nakurekhodwa amamaksi
- Kufanele kube nokuhlukahluka kwehlobo lezemitlolo kiwo woke amagreyidi
- Ukuhlola kokufunda okuragela phambili ekulungiseleleni ukwethula zomlomo Themu 4

2023/24 IHLELO LOKUFUNDISA ELIBUYEKEZWEKO: ISINDEBELE ILIMI LEKHAYA: IGREYIDI 5 (ITHEMU 4)

ITHEMU 4				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI
1-2	<p>Ulaleda abe aphenyule ngendaba, isib. linolwana (ezikholwekako/abalingisi baziilwana) kusuka kumfundi wetlasini</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso: Ukwenza ibonelo phambili</p> <p>Ukuhlathulula izekahlalo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Khombisa umqondo oyihloko, isakhiwo, isethula, ummoya kanye nabalingisi benolwana. • Hlukanisa hlangana nezehlakalo eziliqiniso nalezo ekungasilo iqiniso • Sekela umbonwakho • Phendula ngokuzwela embonweni kanye neemphakamiso • Nikela ipendulo edzimeleko neyakhako ngesakhiwo, ummongondaba, isakhiwo kanye nesethulo 	<p>Ufunda indaba, isib. linolwana (ezikholwekako/abalingisi baziilwana) kusuka kumfundi wetlasini</p> <p>Ukufundela ukuzwisisa:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ukusebenzisa amaqhinga ahlukene wokufunda – Ukuskima umbono omummongo – Ukuskena imininingwana esekelako – Ukwenza ibonelo phambili – Cabanga ihlathululo yamagama angakajayeleki kanye neenthombe – Ukubuyekeza uthuthukise ukuzwisisa – Ukusebenza kokuzwisisa – Okumfanekiso kanye nelimi elenzelwe ukusebenza kubamukeliwazi <p>Amaqhinga wokuzwisisa:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Abatoli basebenzisa ilwazimagama nelimi ukuhlathulula isethulo – Ukufundela phezulu uwedwa ukhombisa Ngendlela ecacileko. – Phawula ngesakhiwo, ummongonda, abalingisi kanye nesethulo – Coca ngelwazimagama amatjha afundwe etheksthini – Ukusebenzisa isihlathulimezwi <p>lindlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu • Lisa koke bese uyafunda • Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko • Ukufunda ngababili • Ukufunda inolwana okutjaphulekileko • Ukuhlola ukufunda 	<p>Ukutlola indaba, isib. linolwana (ezikholwekako/abalingisi baziilwana):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusebenzisa ibalingisi abaziimbandana • Thuthukisa isakhiwo, abalingise kanye nesethulo • Khetha okumunyethweko okufanele abemukeliwazi nehloso yetheksti • Ukusebenzisa ilimi ngobuhlakani khulukhulu ilwazimagama elihlukahlukeneko • Ukusebenzisa kweenthombengqondo, isib. Isifaniso, isingathekiso • Uhlanganise imitjho yakhe isigaba esibumbeneko ngokusebenzisa izabizwana, iinhlanganisikanye namatshwayo zokutlola ezifaneleko • Ukusebenzisa ilimi elifaneleko, ukupeleda kanye namatshwayo zokutlola <p>Ukutlola ihlathululo yabalingisi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukhetha okumunyethweko okufaneleko • Uhlala esihlokweni • Sebenzisa ilwazimagama elihlathululako khulukhulu iimphawulo ezihlukahlukeneko • Ubesenzisa ilimi elifanisako, isib. Iimfaniso, iingathekiso <p>Usebenzisa indlela yekambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukucoca ngemibono usebenzisa umthathabejo. • Ukikhiqiza umthathabejo • Ukubuyekeza 	<p>Umsebenzi osezigeni legama: Amabizo, iinthomo zamabizo, iimphawulo, izenzo, iimphawulo, izabiwana, iinhlanganiso.</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezigeni lomitjho: Ihloko, ibizonto, isivumelwano sehloko, iimvumelwano</p> <p>Ihlathululo yamagama: Izaga, izitjho, isingathekiso</p> <p>Ukupeleda neephumuzi: Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi</p>

ITHEMU 4				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulungiselela ukwethula ngomlomo. Ukufundela ukuthaba: Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba -30. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ubuyelela afundisise alungise iimphoso Uthula umtlo wokugcina ohlanzekileko, ofundekako/obonakalako <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlathululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama. Ukusebenzisa isihlathululimazwi ukupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama. Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukuphatha ikambiso yokufunda.</p>	
UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI WE-7 ZOMLOMO: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufundela phezulu (amamaksi 20) Thoma umsebenzi lo wokuhlola ngeThemu yesi-3 uwuqedelele ngeThemu yesi-4 lapho uzabe urekhoda amamaksi 				
3-4	<p>Ukulalela nokuphendula umbiko, isib. Iindaba, iinhloko ezisematheni</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso: Ibonelo phambili</p> <p>Ukuhlathulula izehlakalo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ucoca ngesakhiwo, ubujamo, ihlelo lelimi letheksti Uthomanisa nepilo yakhe Uveza abe asekele umbono wakhe ngeenzathu Ubuza imibuzo engenapendulo elula ngelihlo lokuhlaba Uphendula imibuzo yelihlo lokuhlaba ngokucabangisisa Ucoca ngesakhiwo, ubujamo, ihlelo lelimi letheksti <p>Ukulalela nokuphendula umbiko:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sebenzisa isakhiwo esifaneleko Isingeniso, umzimba kanye nesiphetho Uveza abe asekele imbono wakhe ngeenzathu 	<p>Ufunda itheksti yelwazi enokubukelwako, (isib. Iinthombe/Idayagramu/ Imimebhe):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulungiselela ukufunda: wenza ibonelo phambili elisuselwe esihlokweni, iinhlokwana neenthombeni <p>Ikufundela ihlathululo: Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uskimela ukuthola umbono ovamileko Uskenela ukusekela umbono Ukwenza ibonelo phambili Ukucabangela ihlathululo yamagama angakajayelevi kanye neenthombe Ukubuyekezelela ukuthuthukisa ukuzwisisa <p>Ikusebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda:</p>	<p>Utlola umbiko:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Utlola umbiko asebenzise ifreyimu Uhlela ilwazi ngokulamana Usebenzisa ihlelo lelimi elifaneleko Ukupeledwa namatshwayo wokutlola nokufunda Wethula umsebenzi ohlanzekileko asebenzisa isakhiwo esifaneleko njengeenhloko, iinkhala zamapharagrafu, njll. <p>Usebenzisa indlela yekambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutlama/ukulungiselela Ukutlathabeja Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukulungisa iimphoso Ukwethula isifundo <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlathululo yawo ekusihlathululimezwi nofana kubodamagama. Ukusebenzisa</p>	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho: linhlanganiso, isimo sengqondo</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: Abomabizwafana, abomqondophika, abomqondomnengi, abomqondofana, abophimbohluka</p> <p>Ukupeleda neemphumuzi: Ukuhlukanisa/ukukghedlha igama, isihlathululimezwi, amagabhadlhela</p>

ITHEMU 4				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda: ibonelo phambili, imithala yetheksti neyobujamo • Isib. Ukuthintana ngamehlo, ukuzwakala. • Uzibandakanye engcocweni. • Uhlala esihlokweni. • Unikekela ipendulo eyakhako • Ugcina ingcoco. • Utjengisa ukuzwelana nabarerhe kanye nemizwa yabanye 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wabelana ngemibono afunisela abe aveze nemicabango engakaqinisekiswa • Ucocisana ngombono oqakathekileko nangeminingwana enqophileko • Uveza abe asekele umbono wakhe ngeenzathu • Ubuza imibuzo engenapendulo elula ngelihlo lokuhlaba • Uphendula ngokucabangisisa emibuzweni yelihlo elihlabako • Usebenzisa imimebhe ngqondo/amanothi arhunyeze ilwazi • Usebenzisa isihlathululi-mezwi thuthukise ilwazimagama lindlela zokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu • Lisa koke bese ufunde • Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko • Ukufunda ngababili • Ukufunda inolwana okutjhaphulekileko • Ukuhlola ukufunda • Ukulungiselela ukwethula ngomlomo <p>Ukufundela ukuzithabisa: Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba -30</p>	<p>isihlathululimazwi ukupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama</p> <p>Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukuphatha ikambiso yokufunda</p>	
5-6	<p>Ukulalela nokucoca ngetheksti yelwazi</p> <p>Imisebenzi esingeniso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ibonelo phambili • Uzibandakanya eengcocweni achaze imibonwakho • Ubona abe ahlathulule unobangela nomphume • Uphawula ngezokuhlalisana, ukuziphatha nangamagugu wamasiko • Ubuza imibuzo yelihlo lokuhlaba 	<p>Ufunda umbiko onokubukelwako, isib. Imimebhe, ithebula, itjhadi, igrafu</p> <p>Ukufundela ihlathululo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokufunda afumane umbono oqakathekileko • Urhunyeza ilwazi • Urhumutjha okubukelwako • Usebenzisa ilwazi langaphambili nemithala yamatheksti ukufumana ilwazi 	<p>Utlola itheksti yelwazi</p> <p>Utlola iingaba (amapharagrafu ezi –3 ukuya kwezi – 4</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usebenzisa okumunyethweko okukhambelanako/okufanele abemukelilwazi nehloso yetheksti • Uveza ilwazi ngokucacileko • Uhlala alamanise okumunyethweko • Utlola umutjho osihloko kufaka hlangana ilwazi elikhambelanako akhe 	<p>Umsebenzi osezigeni legama: Isiphawulo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezigeni lomutjho: Isigaba sebizo, umnqondo phikisa</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: lingathekiso, iimfaniso izaga, izitjho</p> <p>Ukupeleda neemphumuzi: ukusebenzisa isihlathululimezwi, ukuhlhukanisa igama/ukukghedlha</p>

ITHEMU 4				
IVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA (ZOMLOMO)	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uveza abe aqinisekise imibono yakhe nangokuyisekela ngeenzathu Usebenzisa amaqhinga wokuhlanganyela/wokusebenzisana ekukhulumisaneni ngepumelelo esiqhemeni 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uthatha iinqunto ezisekelwe ethekstini nakokubukelwako Utjhugulula ilwazi alisuse komunye umhlobo alise komunye <p>lindlela zokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufundela phezulu Lisa koke bese uyafunda Ukuhlela isiqhema/okwabiweko Ukufunda ngababili Ukufunda inolwana okutjhaphulekileko Ukuhlola ukufunda Ukulungiselela ukwethula ngomlomo <p>Ukufundela ukuthaba: Inolwana/umfundi ongafunda okungasenani amaminithi angaba -30</p>	<p>isigaba esibumbeneko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uhlanganisa imitjho akhe isigaba /ipharagrafu ebumbeneko asebenzisa izabizwana, iinhlanganiso neemphumuzi ezifaneleko Usebenzisa imihlobohlobo yemitjho Usebenzisa ihlelo leLimi, ukupeleda, neemphumuzi ngefanelo <p>Ukusebenzisa indlela yokambiso yokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela/ukulungiselela-ukutlola, Ukutlathabeja Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukulungisa iimphoso Ukwethula itlathabejo lokugcina elihlanzekileko nelifundekako <p>Rekhoda amagama kanye nehlahlululo yawo ekusihlahlulimezwi nofana kubodamagama. Ukusebenzisa isihlahlulimazwi ukupeledeni kanye nokuthuthukisa ilwazimagama</p> <p>Usebenzisa ikarada lokufunda ukuphatha ikambiso yokufunda</p>	
<p>UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO: UMSEBENZI 8</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutlola amatheksti wokuthintana: (amamaksi ali-10) Atlola ngaphambi kokuhlola okulawulako 				
7-8	<p>UKUBUYEKEZA Ukuhlola okuhlelekileko kokwethulwa kwezomlomo</p>			
9-10	<p>UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO: UMSEBENZI 9 UKUPHENDULA AMATHEKSTHI (AMAMAKSI-40):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umbuzo 1: Ithekesti yezemitlolo/engasiyo yezemitlolo (amamaksi ali-15) Umbuzo 2: Ithekesti ebukelwako (amamaksi ali-10) Umbuzo 3: Ukuhonyeza (amamaksi ama-5) Izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi (amamaksi ali-10) 			

IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO (UKUHLOLA KOKUFUNDA)			
Imisebenzi yokuLalela nokuKhuluma: Imihlobohlobo yemisebenzi yokuLalela nokuKhuluma	Imisebenzi yokuFunda nokuBukela: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso yokufunda • Imisebenzi yokufundelaphezulu • Imisebenzi yokufundela ukuzwisisa • Imisebenzi yezemitlolo/yeencwadi zokufunda (genre/ijenri) ezintathu eziqintelweko kilesi siquntu somnyaka 	Imisebenzi yokuTlola nokweThula: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso yokutlola • AmaPharagrafu (iingaba) • Imitlolo yokuthintana • I-eseyi • Imitlolo yokuzitlamela 	Imisebenzi yezakhiwo nemithethwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi: Imihlob ehlukenekene yezakhiwo nemithethwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi ekhambelana netheksti

UKURHUNYEZA IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA			
UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO UMSEBENZI WE 7 ZOMLOMO: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufundela phezulu (amamaksi 20) • Thoma umsebenzi lo wokuhlola ngeThemu-3 uwuqedelele ngeThemu-4 lapho uzabe urekhoda amamaksi 	Imisebenzi yokuFunda nokuBukela: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso yokufunda • Imisebenzi yokufunda ngokuzwakalako • Imisebenzi yokufundela ukuzwisisa • Imisebenzi yezemitlolo/yeencwadi zokufunda (genre/ijenri) ezintathueziqintelweko kilesi siquntu somnyaka 	Imisebenzi yokuTlola nokweThula: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indlela yekambiso yokutlola • AmaPharagrafu (iingaba) • Imitlolo yokuthintana • I-eseyi • Imitlolo yokuzitlamela 	Izakhiwo nemithethwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi: Imihlobohlobo yemisebenzi yezakhiwo nemithethwana yokusetjenziswa kwelimi

IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA EHLELEKILEKO	
PHAKATHI KOMNYAKA	ISIVIVINYO
UKUHLOLA OKWENZIWA ESIKOLWENI	IINHLAHLUBO
IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Zomlomo (Ukufundela phezulu ngesimesta yoku- 1) ku-1 • Imisebenzi yokutlola mi-3 • Ukuphendula amatheksti ku-1 • Isivivinyo esiLawulwako saPhakathi koMnyaka si-1 	IMISEBENZI: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Umsebenzi wezomlomo mu-1: Ukwethula umtamo wokutlola iPhrojekthi (ithemu 2) • Umsebenzi wamatheksti wokuthintana mu-1 • Isivivinyo esiLawulwako sokuPhela koMnyaka si-1