

Mathematics time allocation per day: 1 hr 24 mins × 5 = 7 hrs per week OR 1hr 30 mins x 4 days plus one 1-hr lesson per week = 7 hrs

Whole class activity

- . Counting, mental math (consolidation of concepts already taught)
- New concept teaching
- Classroom management (allocation of independent activities)

Independent group-guided teaching and independent work

sequence

(inclusive of the differentiated teaching of new concepts - oral, practical and written activities daily)

The teacher is also mindful to plan well for effective teaching and assessment for learning, to inform any remediation and further teaching

5 mins + 10 mins 20 mins

24 × 2 groups = 48 mins

Third group does substantial independent written work

Suggested group teaching plan:									
MONDAY		TUESDAY		WEDNESDAY		THURSDAY		FRIDAY	
Group 1 ar	nd 3	Group 2 and 3		Group 1 and 3		Group 2 and 3		Whole class teaching	
TERM 1	WEEK 1 AND 2 RE	ADINESS ASSESSMENT		WEEK 3 AND 4		WEEK 5 AND 6		WEEK 7 AND 8	
CONTENT AREAS	NUMBERS, OPERATION	ONS AND RELATIONSHIPS							
AND TOPICS	Counting – integrate with number patterns and mental maths								
							Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-20 and describe the		

NUMBER CONCEPT **DEVELOPMENT:**

Building number sense

Order a given set of numbers 1-5:

sequence:

first, last, in the middle

backwards. make one less

- Compare numbers to 5 say which is more, less: use relationship between adding on, taking
 - subitise (immediate recognition of how
 - many objects in a group without counting) big, small

link addition when counting forwards, add

one more and subtraction when counting

Order a given set of numbers 1-5: - first, last, in the middle

backwards, make one less

sequence:

- Compare numbers to 5 say which is more, less: use relationship between more & less (+, -)
 - one more, one less, two more, two less

link addition when counting forwards, add

one more and subtraction when counting

- subitise (immediate recognition of how many objects in a group without counting)
- what number comes after, before, between
- position: after, before, between
- Mental maths number range 5: Ask quick maths questions to promote quick thinking (techniques: put large number first in order to count on, number line, doubling and halving, build up and break down) Order a given set of numbers 1-5:

Sequence:

first, last, in the middle

add one more, make one less

Compare numbers to 5 say which is more, less:

link addition when counting forwards and

subtraction when counting backwards, also

- use relationship between more & less (+, -)
- one more, one less, two more, two less subitise (immediate recognition of how
- many objects in a group without counting) - what number comes after, before, between
- position: after, before, between

Order a given set of numbers 1-5:

sequence:

first, last, in the middle Compare numbers to 5 say which is more, less:

backwards, make one less

use relationship between more & less (+, -)

WEEK 9 AND 10

Count forwards and backwards in 1s. from any number between 1-20 and describe the

- link addition when counting forwards, add

one more and subtraction when counting

- one more, one less, two more, two less
- what number comes after, before, between
- subitise (immediate recognition of how many objects in a group of without counting)

Count objects reliably to 10

- Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects reliably encourage group counting
- Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects reliably encourage group counting
- Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects reliably encourage group counting
- Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects reliably encourage group counting
- Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects reliably encourage group counting

Number symbols and number names

Order a given set of numbers 1-5:

e.g. use the dot cards)

Compare numbers to 5 say which is more, less:

use relationship between adding on, taking

subitise (immediate recognition of how

many objects in a group without counting,

- first, last, in the middle

- Recognise, identify, read number symbols from 1-20
- Write number symbols and number names to 10

Describe, compare and order up to 5 objects

- Compare collection of objects according to: many, fewer; most, least
- Order collection of objects from:
 - most to least and least to most
- Compare collection of objects according to: most, least; more than, less than
- Order collection of objects from:
 - most to least, and least to most
- Compare collection of objects according to: - the same as, just as many; different
- Order collection of objects from:
 - most to least, and least to most
- Compare collection of objects according to:
- the same as, just as many; different
- Order collection of objects according to:
 - most to least and least to most
- Compare collection of objects according to: more than, less than;
- Order collection of objects according to:
 - most to least and least to most

TERM 1	WEEK 1 AND 2 READINESS ASSESSMENT	WEEK 3 AND 4	WEEK 5 AND 6	WEEK 7 AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10
CONTENT AREAS AND TOPICS	Describe, compare and order numbers to 5 (use a n	umber line)			
NUMBER CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT:	Describe compare numbers: - smaller than, greater than Order numbers: - smallest to greatest, greatest to smallest Describe and compare numbers: - more than, less than, 1 more, 1 less Order numbers: - use the number line 1-5, first, last - greatest to smallest, smallest to greatest		Describe and compare numbers: greater than, smaller than more than, less than, is equal to Order numbers: before, after, between, in the middle use the number line, position first and last	Describe and compare numbers: - one more, one less - 2 more, 2 less than Order numbers: - use the number line, show position - ascending, descending order – link to more and less	 Compare numbers – which is more, less: 1, 2 more, 1, 2 less Identify, read, write numbers symbols and number names up to 5: on the number line, (1st 5th) Describe, compare numbers
Building number	Solve problems in context and explain solutions to	problems. Techniques: Use concrete counters, draw pic	tures, number lines with concrete beads		
sense	 Practically solve problems in context and explain solutions to problems involving: addition and subtraction equal sharing and grouping that may include remainders Practically solve problems in context and explain solutions to problems involving: addition and subtraction equal sharing and grouping that may include remainders 		Practically solve problems in context and explain solutions to problems involving:	 Practically solve problems in context and explain solutions to problems involving: addition and subtraction equal sharing and grouping that may include remainders 	Practically solve problems in context and explain solutions to problems involving:
	Context-free calculations to 5. Techniques: Use cond	erete counters, draw pictures, number lines with concrete			
	 Addition and subtraction up to 3 Practise number bonds up to 3 (+, -, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 3 Practise number bonds up to 3 (+, -, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 4 Practise number bonds up to 4 (+, -, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 5 Practise number bonds up to 5 (+, -, =, □) 	 Do context-free calculations up to (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 5
	MEASUREMENT			DATA HANDLING (integrates with NOR)	
	Time: Passing of time Compare lengths of time using language e.g. long Compare lengths using language vector lengths.		Estimate, measure and compare, order and record	 Collect and sort and describe objects (2s, 5s) Answer questions of sorting process Draw picture of sorted objects 	
	 Sequence events using language – yesterday, tod Telling the time Describe when something happens, using language Name and sequence days of week, months of year be 		Know relational and connected vocabulary: Heavy and light, more less, big, small, etc. Use non-standard measures		
	SPACE AND SHAPE		PATTERNS, FUNCTIONS AND ALGEBRA	SPACE AND SHAPE	
	Position, orientation and views Describe position of one object in relation to anothe down	er e.g. right, left, on top of next to, in the middle, up,	Geometric patterns Copy and extend simple patterns using: physical objects drawings (use colours and shapes) Number patterns: Copy, extend and describe number sequences in 1s to 50 forwards and backwards	Position, orientation, views and direction (vocabula	up, down
PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE	 Count objects, sort, match according to attributes Describe the sorted collections Vocabulary: more, less, big, small 3D objects, boxes and balls Days of the week, today is, tomorrow will be, yesterday was Build a 20-piece puzzle 	 Count beads, abacus to at least 5 Compare big, small Position first, last, in the middle on the number line Left hand, right hand Share at least 4 objects equally Thread a bead pattern according colours Match number names, objects and number symbols to at least 3 	 Order numbers 1-5 on a number line Stand next to, behind, on top of chair Tell a story of 2, 3, and know what comes after, before Position on the number line, left, right, Patterns of 3 Match number cards and objects to 4 	 Position in the line, race, on the number line: First, last, left, right Days of the week, today is, tomorrow will be, yesterday was Numerosity of 4, one more, one less, after, before Count forwards and backwards in 1s to 5 and link counting to making more and making less 	 3D objects, position vocabulary Position first, last, middle, before, after, left, right, on the number line Vocabulary heavy and light, more, less Count forwards and backwards in ones Number bonds of 3 and 4 Make more and take away
SUGGESTED DBE WORKBOOK ACTIVITIES	DBE workbook practice activities Matching, the same as, pg. 3 Practical sorting, matching, pg. 4 Left to right pattern movement, pg. 5 Match the clothing colours, pg. 6 Left to right patterns, big, small, pg. 7 Sorting, matching shapes. Link number, pp. 8-9 Find, sort, count, pp.10-11 Matching, linking patterns: Positions, pg. 12 Revision: Shape, colour, size, pp. 16-17	DBE workbook practice activities Trace from top to bottom, pg. 13 Time: A long time and a short time, pg. 14 Trace pattern from left to right, pg. 15 Revision: Shape, size, colour, pg. 16 Circle the objects of the same colour, pg. 17 Count two (2), trace, draw 2 more, pp. 20-21 Count three (3), trace, draw 3 more, pp. 23-24 Learn about 1 and add 1 more, pp. 18-19 Bigger and smaller, pp. 58-59	DBE workbook practice activities Measurement comparing shortest, longest by using unifix cubes and vocabulary: In front of, on top, behind, pp. 24-27 Comparing numbers 1-3, pp. 28-29 Sorting patterns, pg. 4 Four, pp. 30-31 Left and right, pp. 50-51 Direction, pp. 52-53 Count and match 4, pp. 30-31	DBE workbook practice activities Time of day: Which is fastest, growth order, pp. 34-35 Five (5) trace and match, pp. 36-37 Balls and boxes, pp. 48-49 Revise numbers 1-5 count objects, pg. 38-39 Add up to 5, pp. 40-41 Draw 1, 2, 3, 4 more, add to 5, pp. 40-41 Draw 1, 2, 3, 4, less, take away from 5, number line method, pg. 42	 DBE workbook practice activities Take away and add: Number line method, pg. 43 Add and subtract up to 5, pg. 44 Draw more to make 5, problem solving, pg. 45 Colour beads to show addition, show take away from 5, pg. 46 Show addition and subtraction on number line to 5, pg. 47 Left and right views, orientations and left, right directions, pp. 50-53

TERM 1	WEEK 1 AND 2 READINESS ASSESSMENT	WEEK 3 AND 4		WEEK 5 AND 6	,	WEEK 7 AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10
	REMEDIATION Supporting learning gaps Reteaching using another strategy for improved learning further support required	g. Record all findings in the event of	_	ON re of the same (practise) to embed knowledge and skills unity for the learner to ask questions		REVISION Repeat of the knowledge and skills taught to establish if learning has taken place and been understood This practise takes place before any new concepts can be taught Revision of work strengthens the learner's knowledge and supports further learning.	
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (AFL)	ORAL, PRACTICAL, WRITTEN: Assess core concepts Continuous assessment prevails. The onus is concepts learnt aptly	rategically planned for and completed alongside teaching. The teacher is always cognisant of the learning taking place and keeps a record of the learner's progress				I can the learner apply his, her knowledge of the	
SBA (FORMAL ASSESSMENT) (AOL) ONE FAT PER TERM	Formal assessment must be fair, reliable and valid. The Teach and assess well for learning gains (AfL) Use an appropriate form of assessment so that			Written Patterns, functions and algebra Oral, practical, written Numbers, operations and relationships onus is on the teacher to: e evidence of the learner's achievement can be justifie	Oral & practical		

Mathematics time allocation per day: 1 hr 24 mins × 5 = 7 hrs per week OR 1hr 30 mins x 4 days plus one 1-hr lesson per week = 7 hrs 5 mins + 10 mins Whole class activity 20 mins • Counting, mental math (consolidation of concepts already taught) New concept teaching 24 × 2 groups = 48 mins • Classroom management (allocation of independent activities) Independent group-guided teaching and independent work Third group does substantial independent (inclusive of the differentiated teaching of new concepts - oral, practical and written activities daily) written work The teacher is also mindful to plan well for effective teaching and assessment for learning, to inform any remediation and further teaching Suggested group teaching plan: FRIDAY **TUESDAY** WEDNESDAY **THURSDAY MONDAY** Whole class teaching Group 2 and 3 Group 1 and 3 Group 2 and 3 Group 1 and 3

TERM 2	WEEK 1 AND 2 DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT 1	WEEK 3 AND 4	WEEK 5 AND 6	WEEK 7 AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10
CONTENT	NUMBERS, OPERATIONS AND RELATIONSHIPS				
AREAS AND TOPICS	Counting – integrate with number patterns and me	ntal maths			
NUMBER CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT:	 Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-20 Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 20 see the relationship with addition emphasise more than ascending order 	 Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-30 Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 30 see the relationship with addition emphasise more than ascending order 	Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-40 Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 40 see the relationship with addition emphasise more than ascending order	 Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-50 Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 50 see the relationship with addition emphasise more than ascending order 	 Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-50 Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 50 see the relationship with addition emphasise more than ascending order
building number		estions to promote quick thinking (techniques: put large nun	nber first in order to count on, number line, doubling and	halving, build up and break down)	•
sense	 Order a given set of numbers: smallest to greatest, greatest to smallest Compare numbers to 5 say which is more, less: use relationship between more & less (+, -) recognition of dot formation 1-5 position: after, before, between first, last, in the middle 	Order a given set of numbers: - smallest to greatest, greatest to smallest Compare numbers to 7 say which is more, less: - use relationship between more and less (+, -) - recognition of dot formation 1-7 - position: after, before, between first, last, in the middle, use number line	Order a given set of numbers: — ascending, descending order, left to right Compare numbers to 9 say which is more, less: — use relationship between more & less (+, -) — recognition of dot formation 1-9 — position: after, before, between, first, last, in the middle, use number line	Order a given set of numbers Compare numbers to 10 say which is more, less: use relationship between more & less (+, -) recognition of dot formation 1-10 position: after, before, between, first, last, in the middle, left, right, use number line	Order a given set of numbers Compare numbers to 10 say which is more, less use relationship between more & less (+, -) recognition of dot formation 1-10 position: after, before, between, to the left, to the right of, use number line
	Count objects reliably to 20				
	Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects reliably encourage group counting	Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects reliably encourage group counting	Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects reliably encourage group counting	Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects reliably encourage group counting	Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects reliably encourage group counting
	Number symbols and number names				
	 Recognise, identify, read number symbols from 1- Write number symbols and number names to 10 	-50			
	Describe, compare and order up to 10 objects				
	Compare collection of objects according to: many, fewer; most, least Order collection of objects from: most to least and least to most	Compare collection of objects according to: most, least; more than, less than Order collection of objects from: most to least, and least to most	Compare collection of objects according to: the same as, just as many; different Order collection of objects from: most to least, and least to most	Compare collection of objects according to: the same as, just as many; different Order collection of objects according to: most to least and least to most	Compare collection of objects according to: more than, less than; Order collection of objects according to: most to least and least to most

TERM 2	WEEK 1 AND 2 DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT 1	WEEK 3 AND 4	WEEK 5 AND 6	WEEK 7 AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10
CONTENT	Describe, compare and order numbers to 10				
AREAS AND TOPICS NUMBER	Describe and compare numbers:	Describe and compare numbers: more than, less than (1 more, 1 less) Order numbers: before, after, between/ in the middle use the number line 1-10	Describe and compare numbers: greater than, smaller than more than, less than (2 more, 2 less) is equal to Order numbers: before, after, between, in the middle use the number line	Describe and compare numbers: 2 more, 2 less than Order numbers: before, after, in the middle use the number line ascending, descending order	Compare numbers- which is more, less: 1, 2 more, 1, 2 less Identify, read, write numbers, symbols and number names: on the number line, (1st_10th) Describe, compare numbers before, after, in the middle
CONCEPT	Solve problems in context and explain solutions to	problems. Techniques: Use concrete counters, draw pictu	ures, building up and breaking down, doubling and halvin	g, number lines supported by counting beads. See pp. 45-4	46 in CAPS for problem types.
DEVELOPMENT: Building number sense	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving: - addition and subtraction - equal sharing and grouping that may include remainders Recognise SA currency Solve money problems involving totals, change	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	 Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving: addition and subtraction repeated addition equal sharing and grouping that may include remainders Recognise SA currency Solve money problems involving totals, change
	Context-free calculations to 10. Techniques: Use co	ncrete counters, draw pictures, building up and breaking do	wn, doubling and halving, lines with counting beads		
	 Addition and subtraction up to 6 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 5 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 7 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 6 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 8 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 7 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 9 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 7 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 10 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 7 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □)
	MEASUREMENT				
	Time: During whole class teaching time: morning, after	rnoon, evening; days of the week; a long time, a short time;	<u> </u>	irthdays on the calendar.	
			 Length Compare length of objects. Talk about comparisons: Long, short, longer Estimate and compare lengths: Shorter, taller 		
		PATTERNS, FUNCTIONS & ALGEBRA		PATTERNS, FUNCTIONS & ALGEBRA	
		Geometric patterns: Copy, extend, describe simple patterns Pack out objects		 Create and describe own patterns Use physical objects Draw own simple patterns 	
		SPACE AND SHAPE	<u>'</u>		
		 3D objects: Position and directions Follow directions: Right, left, etc. 2D shapes: Recognise and name: Circles, triangles, square 	ares		
	DATA HANDLING IS INTEGRATED WITH ALL CON	TENT AREAS WHERE POSSIBLE. Collect and sort obje	cts; draw picture of sorted objects; answer questions	s of sorting process; describe sorted collections	
	 Collect and organise data – e.g. make class "bir Answer questions about data in pictograph 	thday calendar".			
PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE	 Days of the week Count at least 5 objects reliably Number bonds of 4, 5 Know big and small, more and less Addition and subtraction to 5 	 Sharing of at least 4 objects between 2 equally Equally grouping of 4 3D objects: boxes, balls Left hand, right hand Count in multiples of 5, 2 to 10 	 One, two more and one, two less and linking it to addition and subtraction Number bonds to 5 Follow directions: Left, right Problem solving: Build up and break down, number line Days of the week, current month 	 Number bonds to 6 Grouping and sharing up to 6 Days of the week, current month Numerosity of numbers 1-6 Addition and subtraction to 6 	 Number bonds to 7 Grounded understanding of adding on and taking away, making less Grouping and sharing up to 7 Comparing: more than, less than, position in the line, race, on the number line to 7

TERM 2	WEEK 1 AND 2 DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT 1	WEEK 3 AND 4	WEEK 5 AND 6	WEEK 7 AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10
SUGGESTED DBE WORKBOOK ACTIVITIES	DBE workbook practice activities Building up and breaking down of numbers to 5, pp. 54-55 Doubles up to 2 and on number line, pg. 56-57 Sort and match up to 5 like objects according to attributes, pp. 60-61 Equal sharing up to 4 objects, pp. 62-63 Problem solving: Sharing and grouping, pp. 64-65 Building towers with 3D objects, pp. 66-67 Telling time: months of the year, days of week, pp. 68-69 REMEDIATION Supporting learning gaps Reteaching using another strategy for improved learning	Reinforc	 Colour 9, draw 9 more, pg. 77 Addition: Using counting on, pg. 94 Doubling and halving, pg. 98 Groups of two (2), pg. 104 Groups of 4 up to 8 problem solving, repeated addition, pp. 114-117 	understood This practise takes place	DBE workbook practice activities - Count fingers on both hands, pg. 80 - Colour 10, draw 10 more, pg. 81 - Count on fingers 1-10 and draw, pg. 82 - Revise numbers 6-10, pg. 83 - Addition using the number line method, pg. 95 - Grouping, repeated addition, pp. 104-107 - Counting groups of 2, pp. 108-109 - Five patterns to 20, pp. 122-123 - Ten patterns of 10, number board, pp. 124-125 - Money, values, addition, change, pp. 126-133
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (AFL)	ORAL, PRACTICAL, WRITTEN: Assess core concept	s, skills and values above the teacher to teach well and to observe if meaning	is always cognisant of the learning taking place and keeps a reconful learning has occurred. Can the learner communicate his, her	cord of the learner's progress	
SBA (FORMAL ASSESSMENT) AOL ONE FAT PER TERM	Formal assessment must be fair, reliable and valid. To Teach and assess well for learning gains (AfL) Use an appropriate form of assessment so that the		Written • Number operations & relationships • Patterns functions & algebra s, the onus is on the teacher to: d the evidence of the learner's achievement can be justified a	Written Space & shape Data handling at all times	Oral & practical Number operations & relationships Written Length

Mathematics time allocation per day: 1 hr 24 mins × 5 = 7 hrs per week OR 1hr 30 mins x 4 days plus one 1-hr lesson per week = 7 hrs Whole class activity 5 mins + 10 mins • Counting, mental math (consolidation of concepts already taught) 20 mins New concept teaching • Classroom management (allocation of independent activities) 24 × 2 groups = 48 mins Independent group-guided teaching and independent work (inclusive of the differentiated teaching of new concepts - oral, practical and written activities daily) The teacher is also mindful to plan well for effective teaching and assessment for learning, to inform any remediation and further teaching Third group does substantial independent written work Suggested group teaching plan: FRIDAY **MONDAY TUESDAY** WEDNESDAY **THURSDAY** Group 2 and 3 Group 1 and 3 Group 2 and 3 Whole class teaching Group 1 and 3

TERM 3	WEEK 1 AND 2 DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT 2	WEEK 3 AND 4	WEEK 5 AND 6	WEEK 7 AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10
CONTENT	NUMBERS, OPERATIONS AND RELATIONSHIP	S			
AREAS AND TOPICS	Counting – integrate with number patterns and	mental maths			
NUMBER CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT:	 Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-50 Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 50 see the relationship with addition emphasise more than ascending order 	Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-60 Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 60 see the relationship with addition emphasise more than ascending order	Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-70 Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 70 see the relationship with addition emphasise more than ascending order	Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-80 Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 80 see the relationship with addition emphasise more than ascending order	 Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-80 Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 80 see the relationship with addition emphasise more than ascending order
Building number	Mental maths number range 15. Ask quick math	ns questions to promote quick thinking (techniques: P	out large number first in order to count on, number line, or	doubling and halving, build up and break down)	
sense	Order a given set of numbers 1-10: - smallest to greatest, greatest to smallest Compare numbers to 10 say which is more, less: - use relationship between more, less (+, -) - position: after, before, between first, last, in the middle Rapid recall of number bonds Practise addition and subtraction facts to 5 Count objects reliably to 40 Give a reasonable estimate, check by	Order a given set of numbers 1-12: — smallest to greatest, greatest to smallest Compare numbers to 12 say which is more, less: — use relationship between more, less (+, -) — position: after, before, between first, last, in the middle, use number line • Rapid recall of number bonds • Practise addition and subtraction facts to 5 • Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting	Order a given set of numbers 1-15: - ascending, descending order Compare numbers to 15 say which is more, less: - use relationship between more, less (+, -) - position: after, before, between, first, last, in the middle, use number line Rapid recall of number bonds to 5 Practise addition and subtraction facts to 5 Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting		 Rapid recall of number bonds to 5 Practise addition and subtraction facts to 5 Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out
	counting out objects reliably encourage group counting	out objects reliably encourage group counting	out objects reliably encourage group counting	out objects reliably encourage group counting	objects reliably encourage group counting
	Number symbols and number names	I .	I .		
	Recognise, identify, read number symbols fro Write number symbols and number names to				
	Describe, compare and order up to 15 objects				
	Compare collection of objects according to: many, fewer; most, least Order collection of objects from: most to least and least to most	Compare collection of objects according to: most, least; more than, less than Order collection of objects from: most to least, and least to most	Compare collection of objects according to: the same as, just as many; different Order collection of objects from: most to least, and least to most	 Compare collection of objects according to: the same as, just as many; different Order collection of objects according to: most to least and least to most 	 Compare collection of objects according to: more than, less than; Order collection of objects according to: most to least and least to most

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TERM 3	WEEK 1 AND 2 DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT 2	WEEK 3 AND 4	WEEK 5 AND 6	WEEK 7 AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10
CONTENT	Describe, compare and order numbers to 15				
AREAS AND TOPICS	Describe and compare numbers: - smaller than, greater than Describe and order numbers: - smallest to greatest and greatest to smallest - before, after, in the middle / between Place Value to 15	Describe and compare numbers: — more than, less than; is equal to Describe and order numbers: — smallest to greatest, greatest to smallest — before, after, in the middle / between — use the number line 0-15	Describe and compare numbers: - smaller than, greater than Order numbers: - smallest to greatest, greatest to smallest - before, after, in the middle / between - use the number line 0-15	Describe and compare numbers: - smaller than, greater than Order numbers: - before, after, in the middle - use the number line 0-15	Describe and compare numbers: - smaller than, greater than Order numbers: - before, after, in the middle - use the number line 0-15
NUMBER	Decompose 2-digit numbers of multiples of	Decompose 2-digit numbers of multiples of ten and ones e.g. 12 is 10 and 2	Decompose 2-digit numbers of multiples of ten and ones e.g. 13 is 10 and 3	Decompose 2-digit numbers of multiples of ten and ones e.g. 14 is 10 and 4	Decompose 2-digit numbers of multiples of ten and once or 15 is 10 and 5.
CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT:	ten and ones e.g. 11 is 10 and 1	problems. Techniques: use concrete counters, draw pic			and ones e.g. 15 is 10 and 5
Building number sense	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:
	, and the second	concrete counters, draw pictures, building up and break	ing down, doubling and halving, number lines with cour	nting beads	
	 Addition and subtraction up to 10 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 7 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 10 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 8 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 15 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 9 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 15 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 9 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 15 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 9 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □)
		SPACE AND SHAPE	PATTERNS, FUNCTIONS AND ALGEBRA		
		3D objects: Position and directions Follow directions: right, left, etc. 2D shapes: Recognise & name: circles, triangles, squares	Copy, extend, describe simple patterns Pack out objects Draw own simple patterns Create and describe own patterns		
	MEASUREMENT			Capacity, volume	
	Time During whole class teaching time: morning, afterno year; place birthdays on the calendar.	on, evening; days of the week; a long time, a short time;	sequence days of the week; months of the	Estimate, compare, order the amount of liquid that Use language to compare: more than, less than, cups)	t 2 containers can hold if filled full, empty (use non-standard measures e.g. spoons,
	DATA HANDLING integrated with NOR. S&S (co	llect, organise data about school, learners' birthdays	s. etc. show data in pictograph, answer guestions).	See work in DBE bk2 pg. 28, 29, 31 for more ideas. S	Section C CAPS Page 182
PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE	 Position: in front of, behind, etc. Number bonds to 5, 6 Counting in 2s, 5s, Addition and subtraction 	3D objects: boxes, balls Context-free and problem solving to 10 Problem solving techniques: building up and breaking down numbers	Number bonds of 7 Grouping and sharing to 12 Repeated addition link to counting Order and compare numbers to 7	Number bonds of 8 Grouping and sharing to 14 Solve problems with rands and cents Sharing with remainders	Number bonds of 8 Grouping and sharing to 15 Compare and order numbers Numerosity of 8

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TERM 3	WEEK 1 AND 2 DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT 2	WEEK 3 AND 4	WEEK 5 AND 6	WEEK 7	AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10
SUGGESTED DBE WORKBOOK ACTIVITIES	REMEDIATION Supporting learning gaps. Reteaching using another strategy for improved learning required	. Record all findings in the event of further support	CONSOLIDATION Reinforcing more of the same (practise) to embed knowledge and ski learner to ask questions	ills. Provide opportunity for the	understood. This practise t	nd skills taught to establish if learning has taken place and akes place before any new concepts can be taught. Revision of er's knowledge and supports further learning
	DBE workbook 1 (revise 10) practice activities Groups of 5 to 10, pp. 118-119 Adding to 10 (counting on number line), pg. 96 Counting of 3 to 10, pp. 110-111 Repeated addition of 5 to 10, pp. 120-122 DBE workbook 2 practice activities Understand 11 one more, less, pp. 2-3 Addition and subtraction on number line, pg. 18	DBE workbook 2 practice activities - Understand 12 one more, less, pp. 4-5 - Repeated addition up to 5, pp. 34-35 - 3D objects and their features, pp. 46-47 - Halves, pp. 44-45 - Doubles, pp. 42-43 - Understanding number 11, pp. 2-3 - Data one more, pp. 28-31 - Groups of 5, context-free calculations, repeated addition, pp. 32-33 - Tallest, shortest, pp. 20-21 - Practise length, pp. 64-65	DBE workbook 2 practice activities - Understand 13 one more, less, pp. 6-7 - Counting in fives up to 15, missing numbers, pp. 36-37 - 3D objects, pp. 48-49 - Addition problem solving, addition on the number line, pp. 12 -13 - Building up and breaking down method to 10 and number line work, pp. 14-15 - Money and change R10, R20, pg. 22 - Calculate, problem solving, pp. 23-24 - Money totals and change, pg. 25	Data, pp. 28-31Groups of 5 to 15, pp.Repeated addition in 5	ore, less pp. 8- 9 b. 50-51 6-57 on, pg. 19 , pg. 26 olving with money, pg. 27	 DBE workbook 2 practice activities Number patterns of 5 up to 50 using counting chart and number lines, pp. 38-39 More counting patterns of 5s to 80, pp. 40-41 Number patterns in 2s up to 50, pp. 58-59 Understand 15 one more, less, pp. 10-11 Groups of 2 up to 15, pp. 52-53 Repeated addition up to 15, pp. 54-55 Numbers and place value (10+, -), pp. 62-63 Building up and breaking down method and number line work and views, pp. 16-17
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (AFL)	ORAL, PRACTICAL, WRITTEN: Assess core cond Continuous assessment prevails, the onus the concepts learnt aptly	cepts, skills and values above	The teacher is always cognisant of the learning taking place rve if meaningful learning has occurred, Can the learner coulime as per DBE directive	·		arnt and can the learner apply his, her knowledge of
SBA (FORMAL ASSESSMENT) (AOL) ONE FAT PER TERM	Formal assessment must be fair, reliable and vali	Written Numbers, operations & relationships Measurement Oral: Data handling d. The assessment must reveal what the learnerships	Oral & practical	 Written Numbers, operations & Patterns, functions & a Space & shape 	•	Written Data handling

Mathematics time allocation per day:	Mathematics time allocation per day: 1 hr 24 mins × 5 = 7 hrs per week OR 1hr 30 mins x 4 days plus one 1-hr lesson per week = 7 hrs						
Whole class activity				5 mins + 10 mins			
Counting, mental math (consolid	dation of concepts already taught)			20 mins			
New concept teaching							
Classroom management (allocate	tion of independent activities)			24 × 2 groups = 48 mins			
Independent group-guided teaching and i	ndependent work (inclusive of the differentiate	ed teaching of new concepts - oral, practical a	ind written activities daily)	Third group does substantial independent			
The teacher is also mindful to plan well for ef	ffective teaching and assessment for learning,	to inform any remediation and further teaching		written work			
Suggested group teaching plan:	Suggested group teaching plan:						
MONDAY	FRIDAY						
Group 1 and 3	Group 2 and 3	Group 1 and 3	Group 2 and 3	Whole class teaching			

TERM 4	WEEK 1 AND 2: END-LINE ASSESSMENT	WEEK 3 AND 4	WEEK 5 AND 6	WEEK 7 AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10					
CONTENT AR	EAS NUMBERS, OPERATIONS AND RELATIONSHIP	PS .								
AND TOPICS	Counting – integrate with number patterns and	mental maths								
NUMBER CONCEPT DEVELOPMEN	Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-80: — link to one more, one less (+, -) Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 & 80 — see the relationship with addition — emphasise more than — ascending order	Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-90: — link to one more, one less (+, -) Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 90 — see the relationship with addition — emphasise more than, less than — ascending order	Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-90: — link to one more, one less (+, -) Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 & 90 — see the relationship with addition — emphasise more than — ascending order	Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-100: — link to make one more, one less (+, -) Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 100 — see the relationship with addition — emphasise more than — ascending order	Count forwards and backwards in 1s, from any number between 1-100: — link to make one more, one less (+, -) Count forwards in multiples of 10s, 5s, 2s from any multiple of 10, 5, 2 between 0 and 100 — see the relationship with addition — emphasise more than — ascending order					
Building number	Mental maths number range 20. Ask quick maths	s questions to promote quick thinking (Techniques: Put la	arge number first in order to count on, number line, o	doubling and halving, build up and break down)						
sense	Order a given set of numbers 1-16: — smallest to greatest, greatest to smallest Compare numbers to 16 say which is more, less: — use relationship between more, less — position: after, before, between first, last, in the middle Rapid recall of number bonds to 8 Recall addition and subtraction facts to 8	Order a given set of numbers 1-17: — smallest to greatest, greatest to smallest Compare numbers to 17 say which is more, less: — use relationship between more, less (+, -) — position: after, before, between first, last, in the middle, use number line Rapid recall of number bonds to 8 Recall addition and subtraction facts to 8	Order a given set of numbers 1-18: - ascending, descending order, left to right Compare numbers to 18 say which is more, less: - use relationship between more, less (+, -) - position: after, before, between, first, last, in the middle, use number line Number bonds to 9 Recall addition and subtraction facts to 9	Order a given set of numbers 1-20 Compare numbers to 15 say which is more, less: - use relationship between more, less (+, -) - position: after, before, between, first, last, in the middle, left, right, use number line Number bonds to 10 Recall addition and subtraction facts to 10	Order a given set of numbers 1-15 Compare numbers to 15 say which is more, less: use relationship between more, less (+, -) position: after, before, between, to the left, to the right of, use number line Number bonds to 5 Recall addition and subtraction facts to 10					
	Count objects reliably to 50	Count objects reliably to 50								
	Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects encourage group counting	Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects encourage group counting	Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects encourage group counting	Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects encourage group counting	Give a reasonable estimate, check by counting out objects encourage group counting					
	Number symbols and number names									
	Recognise, identify, read number symbols froWrite number symbols and number names to									
	Describe, compare and order up to 20 objects									
	Compare collection of objects according to: many, fewer; most, least Order collection of objects from: most to least and least to most	Compare collection of objects according to: most, least; more than, less than Order collection of objects from: most to least, and least to most	Compare collection of objects according to: the same as, just as many; different Order collection of objects from: most to least, and least to most	Compare collection of objects according to: the same as, just as many; different Order collection of objects according to: most to least and least to most	Compare collection of objects according to: more than, less than; Order collection of objects according to: most to least and least to most					

TERM 4	WEEK 1 AND 2: END-LINE ASSESSMENT	WEEK 3 AND 4	WEEK 5 AND 6	WEEK 7 AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10
CONTENT AREAS	Describe, compare and order numbers to 20	,		,	
NUMBER CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT:	Describe and compare numbers: - smaller than, greater than Describe and order numbers: - from smallest to greatest and greatest to smallest Use ordinal numbers to show order, place, position: - position objects in a line from first, second, third tenth, last	Describe and compare numbers: — more than, less than; is equal to Describe and order numbers: — before, after, in the middle / between — use number line 0-20 Use ordinal numbers to show order, place, position: — position objects in a line from first, second, third tenth, last	Describe and compare numbers:	Describe and compare numbers: — more than, less than Describe and order numbers: — smallest to greatest, greatest to smallest — before, after, in the middle / between — use number line 0-20 Use ordinal numbers to show order, place, position: — order numbers from first to tenth / 1st_10th	Describe and compare numbers:
Building number	Place value to 20				
sense	Decompose two-digit numbers into multiples of ten and ones, e.g. 16 is 10 and 6	Decompose two-digit numbers into multiples of ten and ones, e.g. 17 is 10 and 7	Decompose two-digit numbers into multiples of ten and ones, e.g. 18 is 10 and 8	Decompose two-digit numbers into multiples of ten and ones, e.g. 19 is 1 ten and 9 ones	Decompose two-digit numbers into multiples of tens and ones, e.g. 20 is 2 ten and 0 ones
	Solve problems in context, explain solutions to	problems to at least 20. Techniques: Use concrete co	ounters, draw pictures, building up and breaking down	n, doubling and halving, lines with counting beads; See pp.	45-46 in CAPS for problem types.
	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving:	 Solve problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving: addition and subtraction equal sharing and grouping that may include remainders Recognise SA currency: Solve money problems involving totals and change
		e concrete counters, draw pictures, building up and brea	iking down, doubling and halving, lines with counting	beads	
	 Addition and subtraction up to 16 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 8 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 16 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 8 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 16 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 8 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 16 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 8 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □) 	 Addition and subtraction up to 16 (+, -, =, □) Practise number bonds up to 8 Repeated addition, use (+, =, □)
	MEASUREMENT				
	Time: During whole class teaching time: morning,	afternoon, evening; days of the week; a long time, a sho	ort time; sequence days of the week; months of the y	ear; place birthdays on the calendar.	
	DATA HANDLING				
	Collect and sort objects, discuss sorted collect	tions, represent sorted objects			
			PATTERNS, FUNCTIONS AND ALGEBRA		-
			Copy, extend and describe simple patterns Draw own simple patterns Create and describe own pattern Number patterns are integrated with counting	pack out objects	
PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE	 Counting in multiples of 10, 5, 2 Position: In front of, behind, between, first, last Problem solving with money, sort and discuss coins Build up, break down, number line strategies Addition and subtraction Number bonds of 7 	 Counting in multiples and linking it to +,, =, 3D objects: Boxes, balls Repeated addition, subtraction, problem solving Build up, break down, number line Rapid recall of number facts Number bonds of 8 	 Count reliably to 15 Addition and subtraction, can count on Number bonds of 9 Problem solving Grouping and sharing to 15 Build up, break down, number line strategies 	 Count reliably to 20 Number bonds of 9 Grouping and sharing to 20 Group counting in multiples of 10, 5, 2, and from any 10 Build up, break down, number line strategies Language of position ordinals and know the cardinal value 	

TERM 4	WEEK 1 AND 2: END-LINE ASSESSMENT	WEEK 3 AND 4	WEEK 5 AND 6	WEEK 7 AND 8	WEEK 9 AND 10
SUGGESTED DBE WORKBOOK ACTIVITIES	DBE workbook 2 practice activities - Understand number 16, pp. 66-67 - Number patterns 2-50, number line, pp. 58-59 - Number patterns of 5 up to 50, pp. 37-38 - Bigger number and addition - 10 +, pg. 76 - Addition filling the 10, pg. 77 - Problem solving +, -, number line method strategy, one, two more, pp. 80-81 - Shapes and objects, pp. 84-85	DBE workbook 2 practice activities Understanding number 17, pp. 68-69 Subtraction – breaking down, doubles, pp. 78-79 2D shapes sorting, smallest, largest, draw the shape in the grid, pp. 90-93 Names of 2D shapes, draw the other half of the shape, pp. 94-95 Ordinal numbers 1st-10th, pp. 82-83 Money: Matching, addition and subtraction, problem solving: Totals and change, pp. 86-89	DBE workbook 2 practice activities - Understand number 18, pp. 70-71 - Groups of five up to 20, link to repeated +, problem solving, pp. 96-99 - Share amongst 5, multiples of 5 on counting chart, number chart, pg. 100 - Problem solving: Sharing 10, 6, 11,15, 6 amongst 5 children and repeated addition, pg. 101 - Number patterns of 5 to 100: Counting chart, number line, clock, pp. 102-103 - Understanding number 19, pp. 72-73	DBE workbook 2 practice activities Geometric patterns, pp. 50-51 Problem solving, pp. 56-57 Addition, pg. 77 Sharing up to 20, pp. 100-101 Make groups of 2 up to 20, write the number sentence, pp. 106-107 Twos - repeated addition up to 20, pp.108-109 Understanding number 20, pg. 74 Numbers and number names, before and after and less, pg. 75 Position, views and direction, pp. 104-105	DBE workbook 2 practice activities Twos – pattern up to 100 counting on the number line, pp. 110-111 More counting in groups of 2 linking to repeated addition, pp. 112-113 Mass: Heavy and light, informal measuring of objects at hand, pp. 114-115 Doubling, pp. 116-117 Halving, pp. 118-119 Geometric patterns, pp. 126-127
	REMEDIATION Supporting learning gaps Reteaching using another strategy for improved learning. Record all findings in the event of further support required CONSOLIDATION Reinforcing more the learner to as		e of the same (practise) to embed knowledge and sk	REVISION Repeat of the knowledge and skills taught to establish if learning has taken place and understood. This practise takes place before any new concepts can be taught. Revision of work strengthens the learner's knowledge and supports further learning	
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (AFL)	Assessment for Learning (AfL) is strategically planned for and completed alongside teaching. The teacher is always cognisant of the learning taking place and keeps a record of the learner's progress ORAL, PRACTICAL, WRITTEN: Assess core concepts, skills and values above • Continuous assessment prevails. The onus is on the teacher to teach well and to observe if meaningful learning has occurred. Can the learner communicate his, her understanding of the concepts learnt and can the learner apply his, her knowledge of the concepts learnt aptly • The teacher is vigilant and records the observations made, this is integrated in the lesson time as per DBE directive				
SBA (FORMAL ASSESSMENT) (AOL) ONE FAT PER TERM	Teach and assess well for learning gains (AfL)	Written & practical Numbers operations & relationships Data handling id. The assessment must reveal what the learner knows at the learner's knowledge and skills can be gauged and		Oral & written Numbers, operations & relationships Patterns functions & algebra Space & shape De justified at all times	